# GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED

27<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL REPORT FY 2024-25

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### **GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED**

CIN: U26109GJ1998PLC035087;

Registered Office: C-31/A, Sardar Estate, Ajwa Road;

Vadodara; Gujarat, India – 390019; **Telephone:** +91-265-256-1595, 252-1181;

E-mail: goel.secretarial@borosil.com; Website: www.goelscientific.com

# NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 27<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the members of Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited (the "Company") will be held on Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2025 at 11:00 a.m. (IST) at the registered office of the Company at C-31/A, Sardar Estate, Ajwa Road, Vadodara – 390019, Gujarat, India, to transact the following business:

### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

1. To consider and adopt the audited financial statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the report of the Board of Directors and Statutory Auditor thereon.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:** 

"RESOLVED THAT the audited financial statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and the report of the Board of Directors and Statutory Auditor thereon, as circulated to the members and laid before this meeting, be and are hereby considered and adopted."

2. To approve the re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh Agrawal (DIN: 10085642), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s), amendment(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Rajesh Agrawal (DIN: 10085642), who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

# **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

To approve the appointment of Mr. Sreejith Palekudy Sukumaran Kumar (DIN: 06590184) as Non-Executive Director of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:



"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 152, 161 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 ('the Rules') (including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), based on the recommendations of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Mr. Sreejith Palekudy Sukumaran Kumar (DIN: 06590184), who was appointed by the Board of Directors as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from May 21, 2025 in terms of Section 161 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation;

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Board", which term shall be deemed to include any duly constituted committee thereof) be and is hereby authorized to take such steps and do and perform all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as may be considered necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this Resolution."

4. To approve the increase in Authorised Share Capital and consequent alteration to the Capital Clause of the Memorandum of Association.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Sections 13, 61 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) and the Articles of Association of the Company, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to increase the Authorised Share Capital of the Company from Rs. 23,00,00,000 (Rupees Twenty Three Crore only) divided into 2,30,00,000 (Two Crore Thirty Lakh) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each to Rs. 40,00,00,000 (Rupees Forty Crore only) divided into 4,00,00,000 (Four Crore) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each by creation of additional 1,70,00,000 (One Crore Seventy Lakh) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each aggregating to Rs. 17,00,00,000 (Rupees Seventeen Crore only) and consequently, the existing Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company be and is hereby altered and substituted by the following as new Clause V;

V. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 40,00,00,000 (Rupees Forty Crore only) divided into 4,00,00,000 (Four Crore) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each with power to increase or reduce the capital of the Company and / or the nominal value of the shares and to divide the shares in the capital for the time being into several classes and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions with or without voting rights as may be determined in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company or as may be decided by the Board of Directors of the Company or by the Company in General Meeting, as applicable, in conformity with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or as may be re-enacted from time to time ("Act") and to vary, modify, amalgamate or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions and to consolidate or sub-divide the shares and issue shares of higher or lower denominations in such manner as may be permitted by the Act or provided by the Articles of Association of the Company for the time being.



RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as 'Board' which term shall include any duly constituted committee empowered by the Board to exercise its powers including powers conferred under this resolution) be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may deem fit in its absolute discretion, to delegate all or any of its powers conferred under this resolution to any Director or Key Managerial Personnel or any officer / executive of the Company and to resolve all such issues, questions, difficulties or doubts whatsoever that may arise in this regard and all action(s) taken by the Company in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in this resolution, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects."

By Order of the Board of Directors For Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited

> Tanya Grover Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No.: A71274

Date: August 8, 2025 Place: Mumbai

Registered Office:

C-31/A, Sardar Estate, Ajwa Road, Vadodara – 390019,

Gujarat, India

CIN: U26109GJ1998PLC035087

Telephone: +91-265-256-1595, 252-1181;

Website: <a href="https://www.goelscientific.com">www.goelscientific.com</a>
E-mail: <a href="mailto:goel.secretarial@borosil.com">goel.secretarial@borosil.com</a>



# NOTES:

- 1. A Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting ("Meeting") is annexed hereto.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy, or one or more proxies (where allowed), to attend and vote on a poll on his / her behalf and such proxy need not be a member of Company. The proxy form in Form No. MGT-11 (enclosed) appointing the proxy should, however, be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the commencement of the Meeting. The proxy form, if not complete in all respects, will be considered invalid.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 105 of the Act, a person can act as Proxy on behalf of not more than fifty Members and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent of the total Share Capital of the Company. Members holding more than ten percent of the total Share Capital of the Company may appoint a single person as Proxy, who shall not act as Proxy for any other Member. Proxies submitted on behalf of Companies, must be supported by an appropriate resolution/authority as applicable.

- 3. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 113 of the Act, Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution together with the specimen signature(s) of the representative(s) authorised under the said Board Resolution to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
- 4. Attendance slip, proxy form and the route map giving directions to the venue of the meeting is annexed to the Notice.
- 5. Members/Proxies are requested to produce the enclosed attendance slip duly filled and signed along with a valid photo identity proof for verification purpose.
- 6. In the case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote at the Meeting.
- 7. Relevant documents referred to in the Notice are open for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days (except Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays) between 11 a.m. (IST) and 1 p.m. (IST) up to the date of the Meeting. The aforesaid documents will be also available for inspection by members at the Meeting. Further, the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Act and the Register of Contracts and Arrangements in which the Directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act will be available for inspection by the Members at the Meeting.
- 8. Pursuant to Rule 9A of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014, effective October 02, 2018, every holder of securities of an unlisted public company shall get his / her / its securities dematerialized before transferring to any person or subscribing to any new issue of securities.



We request all the Shareholder(s) holding shares of the Company in physical form to dematerialize their shareholding to avail numerous benefits of dematerialisation, which includes easy liquidity, ease of transfer, elimination of any possibility of loss of documents etc.

The ISIN for the equity shares of the Company is - INE410T01013.

9. Members are requested to update their contact details / e-mail address from time to time with Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd., Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (for shares held in physical mode) / their Depository Participants (for shares held in dematerialized form), to enable us to serve the documents to the Members through electronic mode. The address and contact details of Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd. is given hereunder for any correspondence:

Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd.

Unit: Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited

Office No S6-2, 6th Floor Pinnacle Business Park,

Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East),

Mumbai - 400093

Email ID: investor@bigshareonline.com

Tel. No.: 022 6263 8200

10. The relevant details with respect to the Director retiring by rotation at the Meeting as set out at Item No. 2 of the Notice and the appointment of Non-Executive Director as set out at Item No. 3 of the Notice, pursuant to Secretarial Standard-2 on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("SS-2") are given in the Annexure to the Notice.



EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 22 OF THE COMPANIES (MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION) RULES, 2014:

The following Statement sets out all material facts relating to the special business proposed in this Notice:

# Item No. 3:

Mr. Sreejith Palekudy Sukumaran Kumar (DIN: 06590184) was appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. May 21, 2025, by the Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendation of Nomination & Remuneration Committee, to strengthen the Board. Mr. Sreejith, being Additional Director, holds his office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting pursuant to the provisions of Section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') and the Articles of Association of the Company.

# The brief profile of Mr. Sreejith Palekudy Sukumaran Kumar is as under:

Mr. Sreejith currently leads the design and engineering operations for laboratory instruments and laboratory Process Systems and has been associated with Borosil group since September 1, 2018. He is an experienced Industrial Designer and Mechanical Engineer. Mr. Sukumaran has over 20 years of experience in new product development, having led multi-disciplinary teams of professionals with global experience in market driven product development, industrial design, electromechanical system integration, embedded and plastics engineering. Mr. Sreejith has international exposure in market-centric product development, encompassing industrial design, mechanical engineering, electro-mechanical system integration, and embedded systems engineering. His experience spans product categories of Medical & Scientific Devices, Industrial Equipments, Consumer Electronics and Automobiles. Before joining Borosil group, Mr. Sreejith had been associated with corporates such as Onio Design Private Limited, Murugappa group, LUMIUM Innovations Private Limited, Saarus Innovations Private Limited and Advandes Design Engineering Services.

Mr. Sreejith is qualified to be appointed as Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and has given his consent to act as Directors. He has also submitted necessary disclosures and declarations including the declaration that he is not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any order passed by any authority. The Company has also received notice under Section 160 of the Act from a member proposing the candidature of Mr. Sreejith for the office of Non-Executive Director of the Company. Details of Mr. Sreejith, pursuant to the provisions of Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2"), issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, are provided in the "Annexure" to the Notice.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Act and applicable provisions of the Act, the appointment of a director requires approval of members of the company by way of an ordinary resolution. Accordingly, the approval of Members is sought for the appointment of Mr. Sreejith as Non-Executive Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation, as stated in resolution set out at Item no. 3 of this Notice.

A copy of the draft letter of appointment stating the terms and conditions is available for inspection by Members at the Registered Office of the Company between 11:00 a.m. (IST) and 1:00 p.m. (IST) on all working days of the Company up to the date of the Annual General Meeting.

Mr. Sreejith is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 3 of this Notice with regard to his appointment. Relatives of Mr. Sreejith may be deemed to be interested in the resolution to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.



Save and except the above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at item No. 3 of this Notice. The Board of Directors of the Company recommends the resolution set out at Item No. 3 for approval of the Members as an Ordinary Resolution.

# Item No. 4:

Presently, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 23,00,00,000 (Rupees Twenty Three Crore only) divided into 2,30,00,000 (Two Crore Thirty Lakh) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each.

Considering the size and operations of the Company and in order to facilitate any further capital issuances, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on August 8, 2025, have recommended to increase the Authorised Share Capital to Rs. 40,00,00,000 (Rupees Forty Crore only) divided into 4,00,00,000 (Four Crore) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each. The increase in the Authorised Share Capital as aforesaid would require consequential alteration to the existing Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

The increase in the Authorised Share Capital and consequential alteration to Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company requires members approval in terms of Sections 13 and 61 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, approval of members is sought for passing the ordinary resolution set out at Item No. 4 of this Notice.

None of the Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 4 of this Postal Ballot Notice. The Board of Directors commend the Ordinary Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of this Postal Ballot Notice for approval by the members.

By Order of the Board of Directors For Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited

> Tanya Grover Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No.: A71274

Date: August 8, 2025 Place: Mumbai

Registered Office:

C-31/A, Sardar Industrial Estate, Ajwa Road, Vadodara – 390019,

Gujarat, India

CIN: U26109GJ1998PLC035087

Telephone: +91-265-256-1595, 252-1181;

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E-mail: <a href="goel.secretarial@borosil.com">goel.secretarial@borosil.com</a>



# Annexure to the Notice dated August 8, 2025

Name of Director	Mr. Rajesh Agrawal	Mr. Sreejith Kumar Palekudy Sukumaran
Category	Non-Executive Director	Non-Executive Director
DIN	10085642	06590184
Age	48 years	47 years
Date of first appointment on the Board	April 27, 2023	May 21, 2025
Experience / Brief Profile	Mr. Rajesh Agrawal is currently General Manager - Commercial has been associated with Borosil Group since 2008. Mr. Agrawal possesses a Degree in Commerce from the University of Gujarat.  Mr. Agrawal has vast experience of 28 years in the field of Account, Finance, Commercial, Plant Accounting and General Business Administration	Mr. Sreejith is an Industrial Designer, Mechanical Engineer and new product development professional having led multidisciplinary teams of professionals with global experience in market driven product development, industrial design, electromechanical system integration, embedded and plastics engineering. The experiences span product categories of Medical & Scientific Devices, Industrial Equipments, Consumer Electronics and Automobiles.
Qualifications	Bachelor's of Commerce	B-Tech, Post Graduate Diploma Program in Product Design
List of other Companies in which Directorship held as on the date of the notice	Nil	Nil
Membership / Chairmanship of Committees of other Boards as on the date of the notice	Nil	Nil
Terms and conditions of Appointment/ Re-appointment	In terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Agrawal, to be re-appointed as Non-Executive Director, liable to retire by rotation.	As per the resolution set out at item no. 3 of the Notice convening this Meeting read with the explanatory statement thereto.
Remuneration last drawn (including sitting fees, if any)	Nil	Nil
Remuneration proposed to be paid	Sitting Fees and other remuneration, a from time to time	as may be decided by the Board of Directors
Number of Meetings of the Board attended during the financial year 2024-25	4	-
Number of Shares held in the Company	Nil	Nil
Relationship with other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company	Mr. Agrawal is not related to any other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.	Mr. Sreejith is not related to any other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.



# **ATTENDANCE SLIP**

(Please fill in the attendance slip and hand it over at the entrance of the meeting hall)

Folio No. / DP ID & Client ID No.

Name of First named Member

Name of Authorised Representative

Name of Proxy

Name of Joint Member(s), if any

No. of Shares held

I/we certify that I/we am/are member(s)/proxy / authorised representative for the member(s) of the Company.

I/we hereby record my/our presence at the 27<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the members of Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited held on **Friday**, **September 12**, **2025**, **at 11:00** a.m. (IST) at C-31/A, Sardar Estate, Ajwa Road, Vadodara, Gujarat, India – 390019.

Signature of Member / proxy / authorized representative



# FORM NO. MGT-11

# **PROXY FORM**

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

		, taree, zerrij	
Name of the member(s)	:		
Registered address	÷		
E-mail Id	į.		
Folio No./DP ID and Client Id	10		
I / We, being the member(s) of Goel Sonamed company, hereby appoint:	cientific Glass Work	s Limited, holding Equity S	hares of the above
1. Name:			
E-mail Id:			
Address:			
or failing him,		Signature:	
2. Name:			
E-mail Id:			
Address:			
or failing him,		Signature:	
3. Name:		·	
E-mail Id:			
Address:			
		Signature:	

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 27<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, September 12, 2025, at 11:00 a.m. (IST) at C-31/A, Sardar Estate, Ajwa Road, Vadodara, Gujarat, India – 390019 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:



A BOROSIL Scientific Company

Resolution No.	Nature of Resolutions	For	Against
Ordinary Bus	siness:		
1.	To consider and adopt the audited financial statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the report of the Board of Directors and Statutory Auditor thereon.		
2.	To approve the re-appointment of Mr. Rajesh Agrawal (DIN:10085642), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.		
Special Busi	ness		
3.	To approve the appointment of Mr. Sreejith Palekudy Sukumaran Kumar (DIN: 06590184) as Non-Executive Director of the Company.		
4.	To approve the increase in Authorised Share Capital and consequent alteration to the Capital Clause of the Memorandum of Association.		

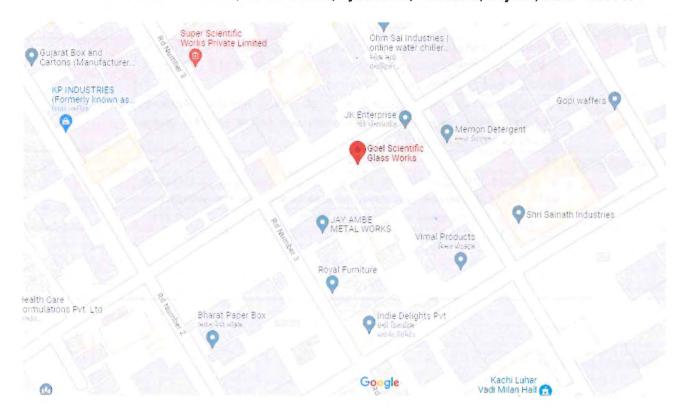
Signed this day of	, 2025.	Affix Revenue Stamp
Signature of Shareholder		
Signature of 1 <sup>st</sup> Proxy holder	Signature of 2 <sup>nd</sup> Proxy holder	Signature of 3 <sup>rd</sup> Proxy holder

# NOTES:

- 1. A Proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013, a person can act as Proxy on behalf of not more than fifty Members and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent of the total Share Capital of the Company. Members holding more than ten percent of the total Share Capital of the Company may appoint a single person as Proxy, who shall not act as Proxy for any other Member.
- This form of Proxy, to be effective, shall be duly filled, stamped, signed and should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not later than FORTY-EIGHT HOURS before the commencement of the aforesaid meeting.
- 3. Please complete all the details of the Member(s) in the form before submission.
- 4. It is optional to indicate your preference. If you leave the 'for' and 'against' column blank on all/ any resolutions, your Proxy(ies) will be entitled to vote on Poll (if taken) in the manner as he/she thinks fit.
- 5. Appointing a Proxy does not prevent a Member from attending the Meeting in person if he/she wishes to attend



# Venue of 27th AGM: C-31/A, Sardar Estate, Ajwa Road, Vadodara, Gujarat, India – 390019





# **GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED**

CIN: U26109GJ1998PLC035087;

Registered Office: C-31/A, Sardar Estate Ajwa Road,

Vadodara, Gujarat, India – 390019; **Telephone:** +91-265-256-1595, 252-1181;

E-mail: goel.secretarial@borosil.com; Website: www.goelscientific.com

### **BOARD'S REPORT**

To,
The Members,
Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting 27<sup>th</sup> (Twenty Seventh) Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

### **Financial Performance**

The Company's financial performance for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, is summarised below:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	For the financial year ended March 31, 2025	For the financial year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue from Operation	4,928.08	4,415.18
Other Income	20.09	46.60
Total Income	4,948.17	4,461.78
Less: Total Expenses during the year	5,668.94	5,391.95
Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax	(720.77)	(930.17)
Less: Exceptional & Extra-Ordinary Items		-
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(720.77)	(930.17)
Less: Tax Expenses	(21.36)	(64.05)
Profit / (Loss) after tax	(699.41)	(866.12)
Total Other Comprehensive Income	(28.95)	(3.47)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	(728.36)	(869.59)
Earnings per share (in Rs.) Basic & Diluted	(3.21)	(11.91)

The above figures are extracted from the Financial Statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India as specified under Sections 129 and 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

### Financial / Operational Performance and State of Affairs of the Company

During the financial year 2024-25, your Company achieved the revenue from operations of Rs. 4,928.08 lakhs as against Rs. 4,415.18 lakhs in previous financial year, depicting an increase of 11.62%. The other income for the financial year was Rs. 20.09 lakhs, whereas the expense for the financial year was Rs. 5,668.94 lakhs. The



Company's loss after tax for FY 2024-25 stood at Rs. 699.41 lakhs as against Rs. 866.12 lakhs in FY 2023-24. Despite the increase in revenue, the Company continued to report losses, although lower compared to the previous year. The losses were primarily attributable to one-time expenses of provisions for doubtful debts of Rs. 1.63 crores and under-absorption of fixed overheads, which could be recovered with higher sales.

The markets in which the Company's product lines are offered continue to remain highly lucrative. Both laboratory reactors and industrial reactors have strong market potential in India as well as internationally. SAP has been successfully implemented for Production Planning and Material Management, significantly strengthening controls over inventory management and improving the overall efficiency of planning, production, and dispatch operations. The upskilling of manpower in both production and field force functions is currently underway, with structured programs being rolled out to enhance capability and performance. The consolidation of industrial production activities at Unit-2 has been completed, resulting in measurable improvements in production efficiency and operational streamlining. Key areas requiring development of critical technical and functional skills have been identified, and corresponding learning and development initiatives are being actively monitored to ensure effective progress.

# Details of material changes and commitments from the end of the financial year

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the Company's financial position, between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report.

### Dividend

In view of the losses incurred, the Board of Directors has not recommended any dividend for the financial year under review.

### Reserves

During the year under review, no amount was transferred to any Reserves.

# **Share Capital**

During the financial year under review, there was no change in the capital structure of the Company. The Authorised Share Capital of your Company is Rs.23,00,00,000 (Rupees Twenty Three Crores only) divided into 2,30,00,000 (Two Crore and Thirty Lakh) Equity Shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten only) each whereas the issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of your company is Rs.21,82,14,800 (Rupees Twenty One Crore Eighty Two Lakh Fourteen Thousand and Eight Hundred only) divided into 2,18,21,480 (Two Crore Eighteen Lakh Twenty One Thousand Four Hundred and Eighty) equity shares of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten only) each.

During the year under review, the Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights, sweat equity shares, shares held in trust for the benefit of employees where the voting rights are not exercised directly by the employees, debentures, bonds or any non-convertible securities and warrants.



# Holding, Subsidiary, Joint Venture and Associate Company

During the year under review, the Company continues to remain material subsidiary of Borosil Scientific Limited, Holding Company, which holds 2,16,10,880 equity shares of Rs. 10 each (representing 99.03% of equity share capital) of the Company.

Further, the Company does not have any subsidiary / associate / joint venture company.

# Board of Directors, its meeting, evaluation etc.

During the year under review, Mr. Swapnil Walunj was appointed as Whole-time Director & Business Head of the Company for a period of 3 years commencing from August 13, 2024 till August 12, 2027. The same was also approved by the Members of the Company at their 26<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") held on September 27, 2024.

Further, during the period under review, Mr. Hemant Goel, Managing Director of the Company and Mr. Jeevan Dogra, Non-Executive Director, stepped down from the Board of the Company w.e.f. December 12, 2024 and May 21, 2025, respectively.

Further, in order to strengthen the Board, the Board of Directors of the Company at their Meeting held on May 21, 2025, based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"), appointed Mr. Sreejith Palekudy Sukumaran Kumar (DIN: 06590184) as an Additional Director on the Board of the Company. Mr. Kumar, being an Additional Director, holds his office up to the date of the ensuing 27<sup>th</sup> AGM. The Company has received a notice from a Member, proposing his candidature as Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.

Further, in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Rajesh Agrawal (DIN: 10085642), Director of the Company, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendation of the NRC, have recommended his re-appointment.

The resolution seeking Member's approval for the above appointment / re-appointment of Directors along with the disclosures required pursuant to the Act and the Secretarial Standards-2 on General Meetings forms part of the Notice of the ensuing 27<sup>th</sup> AGM.

# Independent Directors & declaration of their Independence

The Company has 2 (Two) Independent Directors, namely, Mrs. Anupa Sahney and Mr. Mahesh Doshi. The Independent Directors of the Company have given declarations under Section 149(7) of the Act, that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Act. The Board of Directors of the Company have taken on record the declaration and confirmation submitted by the Independent Directors after undertaking due assessment of the veracity of the same. The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have complied with Schedule IV to the Act.



The Company has also received confirmation from the Independent Directors of the Company regarding the registration of their names in the databank maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs in terms of Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014. The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience, expertise (including proficiency) and they hold highest standards of integrity.

# **Number of Board Meetings**

During the financial year, 4 (Four) meetings of Board of Directors were held i.e. on May 21, 2024; August 13, 2024; November 11, 2024 and February 10, 2025. The maximum interval between two meetings did not exceed 120 days as prescribed under the Act and Secretarial Standard on the meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1). The requisite quorum was present at all the Board meetings. For the Directors who are unable to attend the meetings in person, the Company provides a video conferencing facility as permitted under Section 173(2) of the Act read with rules framed thereunder.

### **Board Evaluation**

The Company has devised a framework for performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and Individual Directors including Independent Directors in compliance with the provisions of Sections 134 & 178 of the Act and the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

Structured questionnaires were circulated for providing feedback on functioning of the Board, its Committees & Individual Directors, including Chairman and Independent Directors. The observations and feedback from the Directors were discussed and presented to the Board.

Evaluation criteria included attendance, participation, integrity, knowledge, independence, and overall contribution to governance. The Board's and Committee's evaluation focused on governance compliance, strategic oversight, and effectiveness, while Committee evaluations assessed structure, independence, and decision-making support.

The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process and the performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and Directors including Independent Directors, was found to be satisfactory.

# **Key Managerial Personnel**

During the year under review, Mr. Rahul Vaishnav, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, stepped down from his position w.e.f. August 13, 2024 and was succeeded by Mr. Abhishek Rathi with effect from August 14, 2024. Subsequently, Mr. Abhishek Rathi resigned from his post as Chief Financial Officer w.e.f. December 4, 2024 and Mr. Ankit Bhatia was appointed as Chief Financial Officer w.e.f. February 10, 2025.

Further, Mrs. Sarita Aggarwal, Company Secretary of the Company resigned from her post effective from January 15, 2025 and Ms. Tanya Grover was appointed as Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. February 10, 2025.



# Company's policy on Directors' Appointment and Remuneration etc.

The Company has devised and adopted, inter alia, a policy on Director's appointment and remuneration including Key Managerial Personnel and other employees. This policy outlines the guiding principles for the NRC for identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and to determine the independence of Directors, while considering their appointment as Directors of the Company and that remuneration is directed towards rewarding performance based on individual as well as organizational achievements and industry benchmarks. The aforesaid policy is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://goelscientific.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/09/Nomination-Remuneration-Policy-Goel.pdf">https://goelscientific.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/09/Nomination-Remuneration-Policy-Goel.pdf</a>

# Committees of the Board

The Company in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act have formed the following committees of the Board:

# a) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors was constituted by the Board in terms of the provisions of Section 177 of the Act. During the year under review, the below are the members of the said Committee-

- Mrs. Anupa Sahney Chairperson
- Mr. Mahesh Doshi Member
- Mr. Rajesh Agrawal Member

Further, during the year under review, 4 (Four) meetings of the Audit Committee were held i.e. on May 21, 2024; August 13, 2024; November 11, 2024 and February 10, 2025. All the recommendations of the Audit Committee have been accepted by the Board.

### b) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The NRC of the Board of Directors was constituted by the Board in terms of the provisions of Section 178 of the Act. During the year under review, the below are the members of the said Committee-

- Mrs. Anupa Sahney- Chairperson
- Mr. Mahesh Doshi Member
- Mr. Vinayak Patankar Member
- Mr. Rajesh Agrawal Member

Further, during the year under review, 3 (Three) meetings of the NRC were held i.e. on May 21, 2024; August 13, 2024 and February 10, 2025.

# **Risk Management**

Your Company forms part of the Borosil Group and is engaged in business of manufacturing and supply of industrial glass process system, laboratory glassware and others. The Company follows the Enterprise Risk Management framework of Borosil Group, which facilitates a co-ordinated and integrated approach for managing risks & opportunities across the organisation.



### Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors have laid down the Internal Financial Controls framework commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of the Company's operations. To maintain its objectivity, the Audit Committee reviews its coverage and monitors and evaluates its efficacy and adequacy in the Company, compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies. The Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statement and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as of March 31, 2025. The Auditor's report also covers their assessment of the Internal Financial Controls related to financial reporting.

# Particulars of Contracts or Arrangements with Related Parties

During the year under review, all related party transactions were carried on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. The Company had not entered into any contract / arrangement / transaction with related parties which is required to be reported in Form No. AOC-2 in terms of Section 134(3)(h) read with Section 188 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Members may refer to Note No. 39 of the Financial Statement which sets out Related Party Disclosures.

# Particulars of Loans given, Guarantees / Securities provided and Investments made

During the year under review, the Company has not made any investments, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans (secured or unsecured) to any party(ies) falling under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act.

# Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The information pertaining to the conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo, as required to be disclosed under Section 134(3)(m) of the Act read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 is provided in 'Annexure - 1' to this Report.

# **Auditors and Auditors' Report**

# A. Statutory Auditor

M/s. R. C. Thakkar & Associates, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration No. 118729W), were appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company for a term of 5 (five) consecutive years from the conclusion of the 24<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2022 till the conclusion of the 29<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting. The Auditors have confirmed that they are not disqualified from continuing as Auditor of the Company.

The Auditors' Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer. The Notes to the financial statements referred in the Auditors' Report are self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments.





# **B.** Secretarial Auditor

The Board has appointed M/s. Amogh Diwan & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 is annexed and marked as "Annexure II" to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

### C. Cost Auditors

During the year under review, maintenance of cost records and requirement of cost audit as prescribed under the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act and rules made thereunder were not applicable to the Company.

### **Annual Return**

The Annual Return of the Company in Form MGT-7 as on March 31, 2025 for the financial year 2024-25 as per provisions of the Section 92(3) of the Act read with Section 134(3)(a) and the Rules framed thereunder, is available on the Company's website and can be accessed at <a href="https://goelscientific.com/annual-return/">https://goelscientific.com/annual-return/</a>.

# **Directors' Responsibility Statement**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Act, the Board of Directors confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025, the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Act have been followed and there were no material departures from the same;
- the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025 and of the loss of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

# Disclosures Under Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has in place a policy for Prohibition, Prevention and Redressal of Sexual Harassment of women at workplace, which is in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder. During the year under review, the Company has not received any complaint of sexual harassment. Further, for the financial year under review, the Company is in compliance with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. All



employees (permanent, contractual, temporary and trainees) are covered under the Policy. The Company has submitted the necessary reports to the concerned authority(ies) confirming the same.

# **Compliance with Secretarial Standards**

The Company is in compliance with the applicable Secretarial Standards, i.e. SS-1 and SS-2, relating to 'Meetings of the Board of Directors' and 'General Meetings', respectively, issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

### Other Disclosures

During the year under review:

- a) The provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Act was not applicable.
- b) There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.
- c) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- d) The Company does not have any scheme or provision of providing money for the purchase of its own shares by employees or by trustees for the benefit of employees.
- e) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public falling within the meaning of Section 73 & 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014.
- f) No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee or the Board under Section 143(12) of the Act.
- g) There has been no issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme save and except Employees' Stock Options Schemes referred to in this Report.
- h) There has been no application made or proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, as amended from time to time.
- i) There was no instance of onetime settlement with any Bank or Financial Institution.

### Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors appreciated the committed services, solidarity cooperation, and support by all the employees of the Company. The Board of Directors extend their sincere appreciation for the assistance and cooperation received from the members, government and regulatory authorities, banks, auditors, customers, vendors, business partners, suppliers, distributors during the year under review.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 21, 2025

Vinayak Madhukar Patankar Non-Executive Director

DIN: 07534225

Swapnil Walunj Whole-time Director

DIN: 10706241



# Annexure I

# Details of conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo

# (A) Conservation of energy

(i)	Steps taken or impact on conservation of energy	Reduction in Scope 2 emissions - reduce CO2 emissions by 64.29 tCo2 by replacing
(ii)	Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy.	grid power energy with 81,389 kWh solar (green) power generation and utilization.
(iii)	Capital investment on energy conservation equipment	Nil

# (B) Technology absorption

(i)	Efforts made towards technology absorption	
(ii)	Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution	
(iii)	In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of financial year)-	
	(a) the details of technology imported	
	(b) Year of import	
	(c) Whether the technology been fully absorbed	
	(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof	
(iv)	Expenditure incurred on Research and Development	1

# C) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo-

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Foreign exchange earnings in terms of actual inflows for the year ended March 31, 2025	492.05
Foreign exchange outgo in terms of actual outflows for the year ended March 31, 2025	151.48

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinayak Madhukar Patankar
Place: Mumbai
Non-Executive Director

Date: May 21, 2025 DIN: 07534225

Swapnil Walunj Whole-time Director

DIN: 10706241

# Annexure II

# Amogh Diwan & Associates

Company Secretaries in Practice ICSI Unique Code - S2019MH668700 agd@amoghdiwan.com/ rns@amoghdiwan.com

# Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 [Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED (CIN- U26109GJ1998PLC035087)

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED (CIN- U26109GJ1998PLC035087)) (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2025, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; **not applicable**
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; - not applicable
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-

# Amogh Diwan & Associates

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- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; - not applicable
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; not applicable
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; not applicable
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; not
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; - not applicable
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; **not applicable**
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; - not applicable and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; *not applicable*
- (vi) The Company, through its management, has informed that there are no laws which are specifically applicable to the Company.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i)Secretarial Standards (SS-1 and SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

(ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange(s), not applicable

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards etc. mentioned above.

# I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and

# Amogh Diwan & Associates

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clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board / Committee Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For Amogh Diwan & Associates

10

CS Amogh Diwan Practising Company Secretary A53700, CP No. 21829

Navi Mumbai Date – 21<sup>st</sup> May, 2025

UDIN:

A053700G00055493+

# Amogh Diwan & Associates

Company Secretaries in Practice ICSI Unique Code - S2019MH668700

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# Annexure A to the Report of Secretarial Audit of Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited

To.

The Members,

GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED (CIN- U26109GJ1998PLC035087)

Our report of the even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were deemed appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records and statutory compliances. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis as on the date of conduct of the audit.
- 5. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

# For Amogh Diwan & Associates

CS Amogh Diwan
Practising Company Secretary

A53700, CP No. 21829

Navi Mumbai Date – 21<sup>st</sup> May, 2025



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To
The Members of
GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED,

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements:

We have audited the accompanying Financial statements of GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED ("the Company") - which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

# 1. Opinion:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 (the Act) in the manner so required and give a True and Fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) Rules, 2015 as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the State of Affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and its Profit and total comprehensive income, statement of changes in its equity and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# 2. Basis of Opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

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# 3. Key Audit Matters:

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we don't provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Reporting of Key Audit Matters as per SA 701 is not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted company.

# 4. Information Other than the Financial Statements and Audit Report:

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, to consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of audit or otherwise it appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is any material mis-statement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. But we have nothing to report in this regard.

# 5. Management's Responsibility For the Financial Statements:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Financial position and Financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Rules of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and the accounting principles generally accepted in India.





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This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal Financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# 6. Auditor's Responsibility:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

(a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from



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error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all



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relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# 7. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

7.1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a Statement on the Matters specified in Paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

# 7.2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the relevant Rules of the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the Directors as on March 31, 2025 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.



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(f) With respect to the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, we annex hereto our separate report in "Annexure B" to this Report.

- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of possible liability in respect of the pending litigations by disclosing the same as contingent liability in Notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements, but as it is contingent liability, no provision has been made in the accounts for such contingent liability.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were material foreseeable losses;
  - iii. The Company is not required to transfer any amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
  - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), otherwise than for the purpose of business of the company, with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on





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behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and,

- (c) Based on audit procedures which we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year in contravention of the provisions of section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the year ended 31st March, 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software at the application level, further audit trails records at the database level are not available to verify changes directly made to the database in accounting software SAP for the year ended March 31, 2025. The Payroll Software does not have audit trails feature at the application and database level. Further, during the course of our audit where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated for the accounting software, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
- (h) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report U/s. 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March,2025 has been paid/provided by the Company to its Directors in accordance with the provisions of the Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.

Place: Vadodara.

Date: 21st May, 2025.

For R. C. Thakkar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN - 118729W

(R. C. Thakkar)

Partner

M. No. 40078

UDIN: 25040078BMIPLT8026



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# **\* ANNEXURE-A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT:**

(Referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED for the year ended 31st March, 2025.)

# We report that -

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its Property, Plant & Equipment. The Company has also maintained proper records showing full particulars of its Intangible Assets.
  - (b) As explained to us, the Property, Plant & Equipment of the Company have been physically verified by the management in phased manner during the year at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies between the book records and the physical inventory have been noticed. In our opinion, the periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records provided to us, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than the properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) as disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records provided to us, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant & Equipment or Intangible Assets or both during the current year.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records provided to us, no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami Property as defined under the Benami Transactions Prohibition Act,1988 or rules made thereunder and the relevant provisions under Clause (1)(e) are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) As explained to us, the physical verification of inventories was conducted by the management at the year-end in respect of inventory items and the coverage and procedure of such verification is found to be appropriate and the discrepancies noticed between the physical stocks and book records were not material having regard to the size

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# R.C. THAKKAR & ASSOCIATES

**Chartered Accountants** 

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of the company and the same have been properly dealt with in the books of accounts of the company.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records provided to us, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of its current assets; and the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, LLPs or any other parties and the provisions of the Clause (iii) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
  - (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the company has not given any other loans or made investments in or provided any guarantee or security to the companies, firms, LLPs or any other parties to which the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and the provisions of Sec.185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with.
- (v) As per the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits from the public and the provisions of Clause (v) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) As per the information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of the cost records has not been prescribed under section 148 by the Central Government for this Company.
- (vii) (a) As per the information and explanations given to us and as per the records provided to us, the company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, ESI, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Excise, Custom Duty, VAT, GST, Cess and other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities.
  - (b) As per the information and explanations given to us there are no statutory dues as at the year-end outstanding for a period of more than six months, that has not been deposited on account of disputes.

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- (viii) As per the information and explanations given to us, there are no such transactions which have not been recorded in the books of accounts of the company and which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix)(a) In our opinion and as per the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings made from the financial institution, Bank, Government or debenture holders.
  - (b) In our opinion and as per the information and explanations given to us, the company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any Bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
  - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no funds raised on short term basis which have been utilized for long term purposes.
  - (e) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies; hence, the said clause(e) is not applicable to the Company.
  - (f) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies; hence, the said clause(f) is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) As per the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (x)(a) of Paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) As per the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the company has not raised money by way of preferential allotment or private placement of shares or debentures; therefore, the provisions of Clause (x)(b) of Paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xi)(a) To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year under review.
  - (b) As per the information and explanations given to us, during the year, no report u/s 143(12) of the Companies Act,2013 has been filed by the Auditors in the Form ADT-04 as





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prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

- (c) As auditors of the Company, we have not received any complaint from any whistleblower during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a *nidhi* company and hence, the provisions of Clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) As per the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the requirements of Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 w.r.t. the transaction with the related parties. The details of the transaction with the related parties are disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. The identification of related parties was made and provided by the management of the Company.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not covered by the provisions of Sec.138 of the Companies Act, 2013 related to the requirement of internal audit and therefore the Company is not required to appoint any internal auditor. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with directors and hence Clause 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable in case of this Company.
- (xvi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not carried out any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance Business activities during the year.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined under the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.



# R.C. THAKKAR & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

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- (d) As per the information and explanations given to us, the Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash loss during the current financial year amounting to Rs.469.54 Lakhs as well as cash loss of Rs.800.73 Lakhs during the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the previous statutory auditors during the year.
- On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected date of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge about the Board of Directors' and management's plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of the Balance Sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xx) There is not liability of the company under the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, relating to Corporate Social Responsibility. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The company does not have any subsidiary company and the company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.

Place : Vadodara.

Date: 21st May, 2025.

Chartered

For R. C. Thakkar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN - 118729W

(R. C. Thakkar)

Partner

M. No. 40078

UDIN: 25040078BMIPLT8026



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# ANNEXURE-B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED ('the Company') as of 31.03.2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence I/we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



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# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that -

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS Financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS Financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31.03.2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Vadodara.

Date: 21st May, 2025.

For R. C. Thakkar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN - 118729W

(R. C. Thakkar)

Partner

M. No. 40078 UDIN: 25040078BMIPLT8026

## **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025**

	articulars	Note	As at	-01-12-N	(R As at	t
	37 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d 1 d	No.	31st March	, 2025	31st March	, 2024
I. AS	SSETS					
1 No	Ion-current Assets					
(a)		5	1,680.58		1,655.63	
(b)		5	2.63		1,000.00	
(c)		6	1.84		4.57	
(d)		o o	1.04		4.57	
(u)	(i) Investments	7	0.03		0.03	
	(/	8				
(0)			12.57		4.38	
(e)	18 (m) - 12 (1 N)	33	480.66		450.19	1.72
(f)	Other Non-current Assets	9 _	43.89	2,222.20	47.75	2,162.5
2 Cu	current Assets					
(a)	a) Inventories	10	888.58		805.03	
(b)	b) Financial Assets					
	(i) Trade Receivables	11	712.96		894.06	
	(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	12	7.67		32.67	
	(iii) Bank Balances other than (ii) above	13	38.81		38.01	
	(iv) Other Financial Assets	14	2.09		2.09	
(c)	c) Current Tax Assets (net)		7.59		9.40	
(d)		15	277.82	1,935.52	153.53	1,934.7
тс	OTAL ASSETS		_	4,157.72	_	4,097.3
	e de la companya de				-	
I. EC	QUITY AND LIABILITIES					
FC	OUITY					
	QUITY	16	2.182.15		2 182 15	
(a	QUITY a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity	16 17	2,182.15 (1,188.80)	993.35	2,182.15 (460.44)	1,721.7
(a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity			993.35		1,721.7
(a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES			993.35		1,721.7
(a (b Ll/ 1 No	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES  on-Current Liabilities			993.35		1,721.7
(a (b Ll/ 1 No	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities	17	(1,188.80)	993.35	(460.44)	1,721.7
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings	17	(1,188.80)	_	(460.44)	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities	17	(1,188.80)	993.35	(460.44)	1,721.7 715.9
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities	17	(1,188.80)	_	(460.44)	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities	17	(1,188.80) 771.47 550.76	_	240.58 475.37	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities (i) Binancial Liabilities (i) Borrowings	17	(1,188.80)	_	(460.44)	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Borrowings (iii) Trade Payables	17	771.47 550.76	_	240.58 475.37	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Borrowings (iii) Trade Payables A) Due to Micro and Small Enterprises	17	771.47 550.76 744.72 210.87	_	240.58 475.37 419.55 229.45	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Borrowings (iii) Trade Payables	17	771.47 550.76 744.72 210.87 226.20	_	240.58 475.37 419.55 229.45 266.90	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Borrowings (iii) Trade Payables A) Due to Micro and Small Enterprises B) Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises	17	771.47 550.76 744.72 210.87	_	240.58 475.37 419.55 229.45	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Borrowings (iii) Trade Payables A) Due to Micro and Small Enterprises	17	771.47 550.76 744.72 210.87 226.20	_	240.58 475.37 419.55 229.45 266.90	
(a (b Ll/ 1 No (a (b	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Borrowings (ii) Trade Payables A) Due to Micro and Small Enterprises B) Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises (iii) Other Financial Liabilities	18 19 20 21	771.47 550.76 744.72 210.87 226.20 437.07	_	240.58 475.37 419.55 229.45 266.90 496.35	
(a (b) LI/ 1 No (a (b) 2 Cu (a)	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade Payables A) Due to Micro and Small Enterprises B) Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises (iii) Other Financial Liabilities (b) Other Current Liabilities	17	771.47 550.76 744.72 210.87 226.20 437.07 383.05	_	240.58 475.37 419.55 229.45 266.90 496.35 288.27	
(a (b) LI/ 1 No (a (b) (c)	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade Payables A) Due to Micro and Small Enterprises B) Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises (iii) Other Financial Liabilities (b) Other Current Liabilities	18 19 — 20 21 — 22 23	771.47 550.76 744.72 210.87 226.20 437.07 383.05 196.03	1,322.23	240.58 475.37 419.55 229.45 266.90 496.35 288.27 375.85	715.9
(a) (b) (c) TO	a) Equity Share Capital b) Other Equity  IABILITIES on-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Provisions  urrent Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade Payables A) Due to Micro and Small Enterprises B) Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises (iii) Other Financial Liabilities (b) Other Current Liabilities (c) Provisions	18 19 — 20 21 — 22 23	771.47 550.76 744.72 210.87 226.20 437.07 383.05 196.03	1,322.23	240.58 475.37 419.55 229.45 266.90 496.35 288.27 375.85	715.9 1,659.6

As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For R. C. Thakkar & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

(Firm Registration No. 118729W)

(R. C. Thakkar)

Partner

Membership No. 40078 ASS

Date: 21st May, 2025

Vinayak Patankar Director (DIN 07534225)

Ankit Bhatia Chief Financial Officer Swapnil Walunj Whole-time director

(DIN 10706241)

Tanya Grover Company Secretary (Membership No. A71274)

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

	Note	For the	(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	No.	Year Ended 31st March, 2025	Year Ended 31st March, 2024
I. Income			
Revenue from Operations	25	4,928.08	4,415.18
Other Income	26	20.09	46.60
Total Income (I)		4,948.17	4,461.78
II. Expenses:			
Cost of Materials Consumed		2,013.82	1,605.98
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade		211.23	519.69
Changes in Inventories of Work-in-Progress, Finished Goods and Stock-in- Trade	27	130.43	36.40
Employee Benefits Expense	28	1,663.55	1,521.60
Finance Costs	29	86.13	194.56
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	30	87.73	90.82
Other Expenses	31	1,476.05	1,422.90
Total Expenses (II)		5,668.94	5,391.95
III. Profit / (Loss) Before Exceptional Items and Tax (I - II)		(720.77)	(930.17)
IV. Exceptional Items		1.	
V. Profit / (Loss) Before Tax (III - IV)		(720.77)	(930.17)
VI. Tax Expense:	33		
(1) Current Tax		(0.63)	
(3) Deferred Tax		(20.73)	(64.05)
Total Tax Expenses		(21.36)	(64.05)
VII. Profit / (Loss) for the Year (V-VI)		(699.41)	(866.12)
VIII. Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Re-measurement gains / (losses) on Defined Benefit Plans		(38.69)	(4.64)
Income Tax effect on above		9.74	1.17
Total Other Comprehensive Income		(28.95)	(3.47)
IX. Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (VII + VIII)		(728.36)	(869.59)
X. Earnings per Equity Share of Rs.10/- each (in Rs.)	32		
- Basic		(3.21)	(11.91)
- Diluted		(3.21)	(11.91)
Material Accounting Policies and Notes	1 to 48		
to Financial Statements			

As per our Report of even date

For R. C. Thakkar & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

(Firm Registration No. 118729W)

Chartered P

(R. C. Thakkar)

Partner

Membership No. 40078

Date: 21st May, 2025

Ankit Bhatia

Chief Financial Officer

Vinayak Patankar

(DIN 07534225)

Director

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Swapnil Walunj Whole-time director

(DIN 10706241)

**Tanya Grover** Company Secretary (Membership No. A71274)

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

A.	Equity Share Capital						(Rs. in lakhs)
	Particulars		As at 1st April, 2023		As at 31st March, 2024	Changes during 2024-25	As at 31st March, 2025
	Equity Share Capital (Refer Note 16.1)		365.00	1,817.15	2,182.15	160	2,182.15
В.	Other Equity						(Rs. in lakhs
	Particulars		Reserves and Surplu	S	Items of Other C	comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity
		General Reserve	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Surplus	Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	
	Balance as at 1st April, 2023	5.50	90.00	86.31	307.59	(80,25)	409.15
	Total Comprehensive Income			(866.12)		(3.47)	(869.59
	Balance as at 31st March, 2024	5.50	90.00	(779.81)	307.59	(83.72)	(460.44
	Balance as at 1st April, 2024	5.50	90.00	(779.81)	307.59	(83.72)	(460.44
	Total Comprehensive Income	9,		(699.41)	, g	(28.95)	(728.36)

90.00

5.50

(1,479.22)

As per our Report of even date

For R. C. Thakkar & Associates

Balance as at 31st March, 2025

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 118729W)

(R. C. Thakkar)

Partner

Membership No. 40078

Date :21st May, 2025

Vinayak Patankar Director (DIN 07534225)

307.59

Ankit Bhatia Chief Financial Officer Tanya Grover Company Secretary (Membership No. A71274)

Swapnil Walunj Whole-time director

(DIN 10706241)

(1,188.80)

(112.67)

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

	Particulars		For the Year Ended 31st March, 2025		( Rs. in lakhs) For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024
A.	Cash Flow from Operating Activities				
	Profit / (Loss) Before Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss		(720.77)		(930.17)
	Adjusted for:				
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	87.73		90.82	
	Loss / (Gain) on Foreign Currency Transactions (net)	(0.92)		2.10	
	Interest Income	(5.03)		(12.00)	
	Loss / (Gain) on Sale / discarding of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	(3.63)		(5.32)	
	Finance Costs	86.13		194.56	
	Provision / (Reversal) for Credit Impaired / Doubtful Advances (net)	163.50	327.78	38.62	308.78
		100.00			
	Operating Profit / (Loss) before Working Capital Changes		(392.99)		(621.39)
	Adjusted for :				
	Trade and Other Receivables	(126.86)		68.10	
	Inventories	(83.55)		(22.17)	
	Trade and Other Payables	(114.53)	(324.94)	(180.49)	(134.56)
	Cash generated from / (used in) Operations		(717.93)		(755.95)
	Direct Taxes Paid (net)		2.44		93.28
	Net Cash From / (Used in) Operating Activities		(715.49)		(662.67)
В.	Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets		(102.00)		(44.46)
	Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)		10.03		8.53
	Interest Income Received		5.03		10.14
	Net Cash From / (Used in) Investing Activities		(86.94)		(25.79)
c.	Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
	Proceeds from Issue of Share Capital		6.67		1,817.15
	Proceeds of Non-current Borrowings from Holding Company		628.00		-
	Repayment of Non-current Borrowings		(145.85)		(196.07)
	Movement in Current Borrowings (net)		373.91		(1,063.01)
	Margin Money (net)		(0.80)		40.54
	Interest Paid		(78.40)		(192.70)
	Net Cash From / (Used in) Financing Activities		776.86		405.91
	Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		(25.57)		(282.55)
	Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		32.67		315.80
	Unrealised Gain/(loss) on Foreign Currency Transactions (net)		(0.58)		-
	Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		33.25		315.80
	Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		7.67		32.67
	Unrealised Gain/(loss) on Foreign Currency Transactions (net)		(0.01)		(0.58)
	Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		7.68		33.25
	Notes:				
1	Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities on account of	Borrowings	:		
					(Rs. in lakhs)

For the
Year Ended 31st
March, 2024
1,919.21
(1,259.08)
660.13
-



# GOEL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

- 2 Bracket indicates cash outflow.
- 3 Previous Year figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary.
- 4 The above statement of cash flow has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flow".

As per our Report of even date

For R. C. Thakkar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 118729W)

(R. C. Thakkar)

Partner

Membership No. 40078

Date :21st May, 2025

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Vinayak Patankar Director (DIN 07534225)

Ankit Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer

Swapnil Walunj Whole-time director (DIN 10706241)

Tanya Grover Company Secretary (Membership No. A71274)

# CORPORATE INFORMATION:

Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited (CIN- U26109GJ1998PLC035087) ("the Company") is a public limited Company domiciled and incorporated in India. The registered office of the Company is situated at C-31/A, Sardar Industrial Estate Ajwa Road, Vadodara, Gujarat, India, 390019.

The Company is a leading manufacturer of Industrial Glass Process systems, Laboratory glassware and others.

The Company is a subsidiary Company of Borosil Scientific Limited (Formerly known as Klass Pack Limited).

The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2025 were approved and adopted by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 21st May, 2025.

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION: Note

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. The financial statements have been prepared and presented on going concern basis and at historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities, which have been measured as indicated below:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments).
- Employee's Defined Benefit Plans measured as per actuarial valuation.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise indicated.

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES: Note

# Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to the bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation on the property, plant and equipment is provided using straight line method over the useful life of assets as specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment which are added / disposed off during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of addition / deletion. Freehold land is not depreciated.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Capital work-in-progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment under installation / under development as at the balance sheet date.

Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from financial statement, either on disposal or when retired from active use. Profits / losses arising in the case of retirement / disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the year of occurrence.

Leasehold land is amortised over the period of lease. Buildings constructed on leasehold land are depreciated based on the useful life specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, where the lease period of land is beyond the life of the building. In other cases, buildings constructed on leasehold land is amortised over the primary lease period of the land.

# 3.2 Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are carried at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the intangible assets.

Identifiable intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits attributed to the asset will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured.

Computer softwares are capitalised at the amounts paid to acquire the respective license for use and are amortised over the period of useful lives or period of three years, whichever is less. The assets' useful lives and method of amortisation are reviewed at each financial year end and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March. 2025

#### 3.3 Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value except scrap (cullet), which is valued at net realizable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their respective present location and condition. Cost of raw materials, stores, spares and consumables, stock-in-trade and packing materials are computed on the weighted average basis. Cost of work in progress and finished goods is determined on absorption costing method.

#### 3.4 Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks, cash on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

# 3.5 Impairment of non-financial assets - property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets or group of assets, called cash generating units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

#### 3.6 Financial instruments - initial recognition, subsequent measurement and impairment:

#### I) Financial assets -Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortised cost. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

#### Financial assets - Subsequent measurement:

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two broad categories:-

- a) Financial assets at fair value
- b) Financial assets at amortised cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e fair value through profit or loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- a) Business model test: The objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flow.
- b) Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- a) Business model test: The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flow and selling financial assets.
- b) Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Financial assets - Derecognition:

A financial assets (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed form the Company's statement of financial position) when:

a) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

b) The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flow from the asset.

Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

a) The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or

b) Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument).

For trade receivables Company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For other assets, the Company uses 12 month ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.

## II) Financial liabilities - Initial recognition and measurement:

The financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial liabilities - Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Financial Liabilities - Financial guarantee contracts:

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

Financial Liabilities - Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another, from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

3.7 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, Contingent Assets and Commitments:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using equivalent period government securities interest rate. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Contingent assets are not recognised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

#### 3.8 Revenue recognition and other income:

## Sale of goods and Services:

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of products comprising of Industrial Glass Process systems (used as Plant and Machinery) by Chemical and Pharmaceutical Companies and Laboratory Glassware.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Generally, control is transfer upon shipment of goods to the customer or when the goods is made available to the customer, provided transfer of title to the customer occurs and the Company has not retained any significant risks of ownership or future obligations with respect to the goods shipped.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised over the time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations at the reporting period.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring distinct goods or services to a customer as specified in the contract, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government). Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and a receivable is recognized when it becomes unconditional.

The Company does not have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Incentives on exports related to operations are recognised in the statement of profit and loss after due consideration of certainty of utilization/receipt of such incentives.

#### Contract balances

#### Trade receivables:

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

#### **Contract liabilities:**

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

#### Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### **Dividend Income**

Dividend Income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

#### Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included as other income in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

#### 3.9 Foreign currency:

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, are capitalized as cost of assets.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the transaction. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other finance gains / losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis.

In case of an asset, expense or income where a non-monetary advance is paid/received, the date of transaction is the date on which the advance was initially recognized. If there were multiple payments or receipts in advance, multiple dates of transactions are determined for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

#### 3.10 Employee Benefits:

Short term employee benefits are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss of the year in which the related services are rendered.

Leave encashment is accounted as Short-term employee benefits and is determined based on projected unit credit method, on the basis of actuarial valuations carried out by third party actuaries at each Balance Sheet date.

Contribution to Provident Fund, a defined contribution plan, is made in accordance with the statute, and is recognised as an expense in the year in which employees have rendered services.

The cost of providing gratuity, a defined benefit plans, is determined based on Projected Unit Credit Method, on the basis of actuarial valuations carried out by third party actuaries at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Other costs are accounted in statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurements of defined benefit plan in respect of post employment and other long term benefits are charged to the other comprehensive income in the year in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

#### 3.11 Taxes on Income:

Income tax expense represents the sum of current tax (including income tax for earlier years) and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in such cases the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income. Any subsequent change in direct tax on items initially recognised in equity or other comprehensive income is also recognised in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax provision is computed for income calculated after considering allowances and exemptions under the provisions of the applicable Income Tax Laws. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are off set, and presented as net tax asset or net tax liability.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances can be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

## 3.12 Current and non-current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. The Company has presented non-current assets and current assets before equity, non-current liabilities and current liabilities in accordance with Schedule III, Division II of Companies Act, 2013 notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- a) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- c) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it is:

- a) Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- c) Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets / liabilities are classified as non-current assets / liabilities. The Company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.

#### 3.13 Fair value measurement:

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy.

# Note 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, the accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company used its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

# 4.1 Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets:

Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values as per schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 or are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes, whichever is more appropriate.

#### 4.2 Income Tax:

Company reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to an adjustment to the amounts reported in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses or tax credits can be utilised. This involves an assessment of when those assets are likely to reverse, and a judgement as to whether or not there will be sufficient taxable profits available to offset the assets. This requires assumptions regarding future profitability, which is inherently uncertain. To the extent assumptions regarding future profitability change, there can be an increase or decrease in the amounts recognised in respect of deferred tax assets and consequential impact in the statement of profit and loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

#### 4.3 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent to those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less cost of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples or other available fair value indicators.

#### 4.4 Defined benefits plans:

The Cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

#### 4.5 Recoverability of trade receivable:

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

#### 4.6 Provisions:

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 5 - Property, Plant and Equipment and Capital Work-in-Progress

(Rs. in lakhs) Capital Work in Office Plant and Furniture and Freehold **Buildings** Vehicles Total **Particulars** Land Equipment **Fixtures** Equipments Progress GROSS BLOCK: 200.82 2,442.16 710.17 868.65 455.28 57.29 149.95 As at 1st April, 2023 0.42 0.43 15.94 16.79 Additions 3.66 3.66 Disposals / Adjustments 2,455.29 868.65 452.04 57.72 149.95 216.76 710.17 As at 31st March, 2024 47.15 115.85 38.96 25.01 4.73 Additions 8.32 8.32 Disposals / Adjustments 82.73 146.36 263.91 2,562.82 710.17 868.65 491.00 As at 31st March, 2025 **DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION:** 716.77 204.94 47.19 78.81 140.64 245.19 As at 1st April, 2023 6.21 83.34 1.66 10.02 20.95 44.50 Depreciation / Amortisation 0.45 0.45 Disposals / Adjustments 799.66 248.99 48.85 88.83 146.85 266.14 As at 31st March, 2024 14.50 84.50 2.02 9.79 20.89 37.30 Depreciation / Amortisation 1.92 1.92 Disposals / Adjustments 882.24 50.87 96.70 161.35 287.03 286.29 As at 31st March, 2025 NET BLOCK: 61.12 69.91 1,655.63 8.87 710.17 602.51 203.05 As at 31st March, 2024 2.63 1,680.58 31.86 49.66 102.56 710.17 581.62 204.71 As at 31st March, 2025

5.1 Details of Capital work in Progress (CWIP) as at 31 March 2025 and 31st March 2024 are as below:-

A) CWIP ageing schedule as at 31st March 2025 Capital Work in Progress	Amount in CWIP for a period of						
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total		
Project in Progress	2.63				2.63		
Project Temporarily Suspended	Yes		- 35				
Total	2.63	•	•		2.63		
B) CWIP ageing schedule as at 31st March 2024					(Rs. in lakhs		
		Amour	nt in CWIP for a	period of	(Rs. in lakhs		
	Less than 1	Amour 1-2 years	nt in CWIP for a	period of More than 3 years	(Rs. in lakhs		
Capital Work in Progress				More than 3			
B) CWIP ageing schedule as at 31st March 2024 Capital Work in Progress Project in Progress Project Temporarily Suspended				More than 3			

- 5.2. There are no cases where the title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company as at 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024
- 5.3 In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS -36) " Impairment of Assets", the management during the year carried out an exercise of identifying the assets that may have been impaired in accordance with the said Ind AS. On the basis of this review carried out by the management, there was no impairment loss on property, plant and equipment during the year ended 31st March, 2025.
- 5.4 There are no proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami Property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- 5.7 The Company does not have any capital work in progress whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to original plan.
- 5.8 Certain property, plant and equipment were pledged as collateral against borrowings, the details related to which have been described in note 18.
- 5.9 Refer note 34 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of Property, plant and Equipment.

# Note 6 - Other Intangible Assets

	(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Other Intangible assets
GROSS BLOCK:	
As at 1st April, 2023	95.81
Additions	<u>-</u>
Disposals	<del>-</del>
As at 31st March, 2024	95.81
Additions	0.50
Disposals	
As at 31st March, 2025	96.31
AMORTISATION:	
As at 1st April, 2023	83.76
Amortisation	7.48
Disposals	
As at 31st March, 2024	91.24
Amortisation	3.23
Disposals	
As at 31st March, 2025	94.47
NET BLOCK:	
As at 31st March, 2024	4.57
As at 31st March, 2025	1.84

<sup>6.1</sup> 

Other intangible assets represents Computer Softwares other than self generated. Refer note 34 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of Other intangible assets. 6.2

Mate 7	Non-Current	Increaturente
Note / -	Non-Current	investments

rticulars	As a	t 31st March, 2	2025	As a	t 31st March, 2	2024
	No. of Shares/Units	Face Value (in Rs.)	Rs. in lakhs	No. of Shares/Units	Face Value (in Rs.)	Rs. in lakhs
Equity Instruments:						
nquoted Fully Paid-Up			1			
Others						
Carried at fair value through Profit and loss						
SVC Co Op Bank Ltd	116	25	0.03	116	25	0.03
Total Non Current Investments			0.03		113	0.03
7.1 Aggregate amount of Investments and Market value thereof						(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars		As at 31st	March, 2025		As at 31st	March, 2024
		Book Value	Market Value		Book Value	Market Value
Quoted Investments						4.
Unquoted Investments		0.03			0.03	
Total		0.03			0.03	
7.2 Category-wise Non-current Investment						(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars			As at 31st			As at 31st
			March, 2025			March, 2024
Financial assets measured at fair value through Profit and Loss			0.03			0.03
Total			0.03			0.03

#### Note 8 - Non-current Financial Assets - Others

				(Rs. In lakhs
Particulars		s at 31st		As at 31st
	Ma	arch, 2025		March, 2024
Unsecured, Considered Good :		35,525		7.0
Security Deposits		12.57		4.38
Total		12.57		4.38
- Other Non-current Assets				
Particulars	Δ	s at 31st		(Rs. in lakhs
raticulais		arch, 2025		March, 2024
Unsecured, Considered Good :	IVIG	alcii, 2025		Marc11, 2024
Capital Advances		0.55		16.73
Security Deposits		42.99		31.02
Others		0.35		51.02
Officia		0.00		
Total	<u> </u>	43.89		47.75
0 - Inventories				
Particulars	Α	s at 31st		(Rs. in lakhs As at 31st
		arch, 2025		March, 2024
Raw Materials:	*			
Goods-in-Transit	1.03		3.42	
Others	685.09	686.12	486.57	489.99
Work-in-Progress		76.31		82.04
Finished Goods:				
Goods-in-Transit	0.30		131.98	
Others	104.35	104.65	97.94	229.92
Stock-in-Trade		0.18		
Stores, Spares and Consumables		3.61		
Packing Material		17.32		3.08
Section 14 May 1		0.39		
Scrap(Cullet)		0.55		

 <sup>10.1</sup> The write-down of inventories (net) for the year is Rs.190.63 lakhs (As at 31st March, 2024 - Rs. 88.00 lakhs). These are included in Changes in Inventories of Work-in-Progress, Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade, Raw material consumed, Packing Materials Consumed and Consumption of Stores and Spares in the statement of profit and loss.
 10.1 For mode of valuation of inventories, refer note no. 3.3

# Note 11 - Current Financial Assets - Trade Receivables

				(Rs. in lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31st			As at 31st	
	IV		March, 2024		
Unsecured, Considered Good, unless otherwise stated:					
Considered Good	712.96		894.06		
Credit Impaired	200.63		37.93	5.0	
	913.59		931.99		
Less : Allowance for Expected Credit Losses (Refer Note 37 and 41)	200.63	712.96	37.93	894.06	
Total	_	712.96		894.06	

## 11.1 Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule are as below:

Particulars	March 15 March	Outstand	ding from due	date of paymer	nt as at 31st M	arch, 2025	
	Not Due	Upto 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivables – Considered good	200.41	347.80	71.00	86.71	7.03		712.96
Undisputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	•	-		¥	4	*	-
Undisputed trade receivables – credit impaired	÷		4.66	140.89	55.08		200.63
Disputed trade receivables - Considered good	1.4			-	4		-
Disputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	2.6	- 3	-	•		
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired			-				-
Sub Total	200.41	347.80	75.66	227.60	62.11		913,59
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Losses							200.63
Net Trade Receivables							712.96

		-				25.00017	(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	100	Outstand	ing from due d	ate of paymen	t as at 31st Ma	arch, 2024	
	Not Due	Upto 6	6 Months - 1	1 - 2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
		Months	Year		477	years	
Undisputed trade receivables – Considered good	341.71	255.04	295.91	1.40			894.06
Undisputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	÷	•					
Undisputed trade receivables – credit impaired	-	-	1.0	151	37.93	2.0	37.93
Disputed trade receivables - Considered good	-		-	1	a <del>-</del>	-	•
Disputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-		-		-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired		140	-	-	-	-	<u>.</u>
Sub Total	341.71	255.04	295.91	1.40	37.93		931.99
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Losses							37.93
Net Trade Receivables							894.06

## 11.2 The Credit period on sale of goods is 0-60 days.

Total

Note 12 - Cash and Cash Equivalents		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Balances with Banks in current accounts	4.35	31.14
Cash on Hand	3.32	1.53
Total	7.67	32.67
12.1 For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents comprise the followings:		
		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Balances with Banks in current accounts	4.35	31.14
Cash on Hand	3.32	1.53

7.67

32.67

## Note 13 - Bank balances Other than Cash and Cash Equivalents

			(Rs	. Im lakhs)
Particulars		As at 31st	-	s at 31st
		Warch. 2025	M	arch, 2024
Earmarked Balances with bank :		1.4.1.		
Fixed deposit with Banks - Having maturity less than 12 months		38.81		38.01
Total	=	38.81	=	38.01
13.1 Fixed Deposit with Banks pledged for Bank Guarantee.				
ote 14 - Current Financial Assets - Others				
				in lakhs
Particulars		As at 31st		As at 31st
		March, 2025	M	arch, 2024
Unsecured, Considered Good, unless otherwise stated:		2.44		10700
Interest Receivables		2.09	-	2.09
Total	_	2.09	_	2.09
lote 15 - Other Current Assets  Particulars		As at 31st		s. In lakhs
		Varch, 2025		arch, 2024
Unsecured, Considered Good, unless otherwise stated:				
Advances against supplies				
Considered Good	57.60		45.42	
Considered Doubtful	524.09		523.28	
	581.69		568.70	
Less: Provision for Doubtful Advances (Refer to Note 37)	524.09	57.60	523.28	45.42
Export Incentives Receivable		3.12		1.00
Balance with Goods and Service Tax Authorities		86.06		54.68
Others				
Others Considered Good	131.04		52.43	
	131.04 25.42		52.43 25.42	
Considered Good		_	2.71.10	
Considered Good	25.42	131.04	25.42	52.43

<sup>15.1</sup> Others includes prepaid expenses, GST refund receivable, other receivable etc.

#### Note 16 - Equity Share Capital

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Authorised		
Equity Share Capital		
2,30,00,000 (Previous Year 2,30,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	2,300.00	2,300.00
Total	2,300.00	2,300.00
Issued, Subscribed & Fully Paid up		
2,18,21,480 (Previous Year 2,18,21,480) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	2,182.15	2,182.15
Total	2,182.15	2,182.15
is Designed the appropriate transfer the Company and instead 4 04 74 400 and the change of force value of D	401	-1

16.1 i) During the previous year, the Company had issued 1,81,71,480 equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- each on right issue basis. In accordance with the terms of issue, amount of Rs. 10 /- per Rights Equity Share was received from the concerned allottees on application and shares were allotted. Out of the total issue, 1,81,21,480 equity shares were allotted to the Holding Company, Borosil Scientific Limited.

ii) During the Previous year, the Company had increased in authorised equity share capital from Rs. 600.00 lakhs divided into 60,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each to Rs. 2,300 lakhs divided into 2,30,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each

#### 16.2 Reconciliation of number of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Particulars	As at 31st I	As at 31st March ,2024		
	(in Nos.)	(Rs. in lakhs)	(in Nos.)	( Rs. in lakhs)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	21,821,480	2,182.15	3,650,000	365.00
Add: Right Shares Issued (Refer Note 16.1)	-		18,171,480	1,817.15
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	21,821,480	2,182.15	21,821,480	2,182.15

#### 16.3 Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares:

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Holders of equity shares are entitled to one vote per share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the annual general meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in the same proportion as the capital paid-up on the equity shares held by them bears to the total paid-up equity share capital of the Company.

16.4 Details of Shareholder holding more than 5% of Equity Share Capital:

Name of Shareholder	Share Capital : As at 31st March ,2025		As at 31s	t March ,2024
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Borosil Scientific Limited (Formerly known as Klass	21,610,880	99.03%	21,610,880	99.03%
Pack Limited) along with 4 shareholders holding 4 shares jointly with Borosil Scientific Limited				

#### 16.5 Details of shares held by Promoters and Promoter Group in the Company:

Name of Promoters	As at 31st		As at 31st March 2024		
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding	% Change from 31st March, 2024 to 31st March. 2025
Borosil Scientific Limited (Formerly known as Klass Pack Limited) along with 4 shareholders holding 4 shares jointly with Borosil Scientific Limited	21,610,880	99.03%	21,610,880	99.03%	0.00%

#### 16.6 Dividend paid and proposed:-

No dividend has been proposed for the year ended 31st March, 2025 and for the year ended 31st March, 2024.

#### Note 17 - Other Equity

			(Rs	. In lakhs)
Particulars	As	at 31st	1	at 31st
	Marc	ch, 2025	M	arch, 2024
General Reserve				
As per Last Balance Sheet		5.50		5.50
Securities Premium				
As per Last Balance Sheet		90.00		90.00
Retained Earnings				
As per Last Balance Sheet	(779.81)		86.31	
Add: Profit / (loss) for the year	(699.41)	1,479.22)	(866.12)	(779.81)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)				
As per Last Balance Sheet	223.87		227.34	
Movements in OCI (net) during the year	(28.95)	194.92	(3.47)	223.87
Total		1,188.80)	_	(460.44)

#### 17.1 Nature and Purpose of Reserve

#### 1. General Reserve:

General Reserve is created from time to time by way of transfer of profits from retained earnings for appropriation purpose. This reserve is a distributable

Securities premium is created when shares issued at premium. The reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 3. Retained Earnings:

Retained earnings represents the accumulated profits / (losses) made by the Company over the years.

4. Other Comprehensive Income (OCI):
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) includes remeasurements of defined benefit plans and Revaluation Reserve.

#### Note 18 - Non-current financial liabilities - Borrowings

		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Secured Loan		
Term Loans from a Bank	127.07	199.44
Vehicle Loans	16.40	. 30.33
Unsecured Loan		
Loan from NBFCs	52	10.81
Inter Corporate Deposits from a Related Party	628.00	-
Total	771.47	240.58

## Term Loans (including current maturities of long term borrowings shown under current financial liabilities - Borrowings) (Refer Note 20)

- Term Loan of Rs. 199.57 lakhs is primarily secured by first and exclusive hypothecation charge on all existing and future movable fixed assets of Goel Scientific and Collateral Equitable/ Registered mortgage charge on immovable properties being land and building of Goel Scientific. The Rate of Interest of said Term Loan is Repo rate + 2.05% = 8.30% p.a. at present Floating. Out of the above, borrowing of Rs. 44.28 lakhs shall be repaid in 41 monthly instalments of Rs. 1.1 lakhs and balance in last instalment, borrowing of Rs. 43.28 lakhs shall be repaid in 19 monthly instalments of Rs. 2.28 lakhs, borrowings of Rs.111.99 lakhs shall be repaid in 42 equal monthly instalments of Rs. 2.67 lakhs and balance in last Instalment.
- Vehicle Loans of Rs.25.63 lakhs is primarily secured by first and exclusive hypothecation charge on respective Vehicles of Goel Scientific, Borrowings of Rs. 25.63 lakhs is guaranteed by one of erstwhile Director of the Company. The Rate of Interest of said loans are in the range of 7.76% p.a. to 15.45% p.a. The said borrowings shall be repaid in the range of 3 months to 58 months in equal monthly instalments in the range of Rs. 0.06 lakhs to 0.48 lakhs.
- Unsecured term loans of Rs. 9.77 lakhs are from NBFC. Rs. 9.77 lakhs is guaranteed by two of erstwhile directors and their relatives. The Rate of Interest of said Term Loan is 16% p.a. at present Fixed. Borrowing of Rs. 9.77 lakhs shall be repaid in 5 equal monthly instalments of Rs. 1.76 lakhs and balance shall be repaid in last instalments.
- Inter Corporate Deposit from a Related Party is taken, carrying interest rate of 10% p.a. for a period of not exceeding 3 years.

#### Note 19 - Non-current - Provisions

		(Rs. in lakhs)
articulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
rovision For Leave Encashment (Unfunded)	246.92	225.24
rovision For Gratuity (Funded) (Refer to note 35)	303.84	250.13
Total	550.76	475.37

#### Note 20 - Current Financial Liabilities - Borrowings

	7 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		(Rs. in lakhs)
	Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
		March, 2025	March, 2024
	Secured		
	Working Capital Loan from a Bank	653.22	279.31
	Current maturity of long term Borrowings	91.50	140.24
	Total	744.72	419.55
20.1	Working capital loan from a bank is secured by first pari passu charge on current assets at Repo rate + 2.05% i.e. 8.30% p.a.	of the Company. The said Working capit	al loan carries interest

#### Note 21 - Current Financial Liabilities - Trade Payables

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	219.12	237.56
Others	217.95	258.79
Total	437.07	496.35

21.1 Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED 2006) have been determined based on the information available with the Company and the details of amount outstanding due to them are as given below:

			(Rs. in lakhs)
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
a)	the principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;		
	i) Principal amount outstanding	219.12	237.56
	ii) Interest thereon	0.97	1.00
b)	the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;		-
c)	the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;		-
d)	the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year;	0.97	1.00
e)	the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	

# 21.2 Trade Payables Ageing Schedule are as below :

Particulars	Outstand	ling from due o	late of paymer	nt as at 31st M	arch, 2025	(Rs. in lakhs
	Not Due	Upto 1 Year	Section The Party of the Party	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro, small & medium Enterprises	123,81	88.46	0.86	5.98		219.12
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro, small & medium Enterprises	28.96	182.02	6.14	0.83		217.95
Disputed dues of micro, small and medium enterprises	-	•	170	-		
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro, small and medium enterprises	-	•	-	-		
Total	152.77	270.49	7.00	6.81	**	437.07

Particulars	Outstand	ling from due o	late of paymer	nt as at 31st M	arch, 2024	
A	Not Due	Upto 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro, small & medium Enterprises	166.41	65.16	5.99	-		237.56
Fotal outstanding dues of Creditors other than nicro, small & medium Enterprises	134.75	121.67	2.37	•	10 <del>-</del> 1	258.79
isputed dues of micro, small and medium nterprises	•		•	-	•	
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro, small and medium enterprises	*	-	-		- 14.0	
Total	301.16	186.83	8.36			496.35

#### Note 22 - Current Financial Liabilities - Others

		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
The first of the f	March, 2025	Marc h, 2024
Interest accrued but not due on Borrowing	8.62	0.86
Interest accrued but not due on Others	0.97	1.00
Creditors for Capital Expenditure	4.55	3.75
Deposits		0.40
Other Payables	368.91	282.26
	383.05	288.27

22.1 Other Payables includes outstanding liabilities for expenses, Salary, Wages, Bonus etc.22.2 Interest accrued but not due on Borrowing includes Rs. 8.37 lakhs of interest accrued on Inter Corporate Deposit taken from a related party.

## Note 23 - Other Current Liabilities

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Advance from Customers	174.47	352,38
Statutory liabilities	21.56	23,47
Total	196.03	375.85
te 24 - Current Provisions		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Provisions for Employee Benefits		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Provision For Gratuity (Funded) (Refer note 35)	44.47	36.25
Provision For Leave Encashment (Unfunded)	36.80	43.41
Total	84 27	79.66

## Note 25 - Revenue from Operations

		(Rs. In lakhs
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March
Sale of Products	4,924.09	4,404.7
Other Operating Revenue	3.99	10.4
Revenue from Operations	4,928.08	4,415.1
5.1 Disaggregated Revenue:		
(i) Revenue based on Geography:		
		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
D	March, 2025	31st March
Domestics	4,552.29	3,886.6
Export	375.79	528.5
Revenue from Operations	4,928.08	4,415.1
(II) Revenue by Business Segment		
		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March
Scientific - Laboratory Glass & equipment and Process system	4,597,46	2024 4,415.1
Others	330.62	
Revenue from Operations	4,928.08	4,415.1
(III) Reconciliation of Revenue from Operation with contract price:		
(iii) Neconcination of Nevertae from operation with contract price.		(Rs. In lakhs
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March
Contract Price	4,928.08	2024
Reduction towards variables considerations components	4,926.06	4,415.1
reduction total as randotto sometations compensate		
Revenue from Operations	4,928.08	4,415.1
(iv) Revenue from contracts with customers disaggregated based on contract durations:		
(17) Nevertide from contracts with customers disaggregated based on contract databases.		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March
Short term contracts		2024
Contract Price	4,928.08	4,415.1
Long term contracts	4,020.00	4,410.1
Contract Price		
Revenue from Operations	4,928.08	4,415.1
(v) Revenue from customers disaggregated based on its timing of recognition:		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	For the Year	For the
2 and 200	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March
<u> </u>		2024
Point in time	4 028 08	A 41E 4
Contract Price	4,928.08	4,415.1
Revenue from Operations	4,928.08	4,415.1

## Note 26 - Other Income

B. divides		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st March, 2025	Year Ended
	Maich. 2023	5 ISL IMAICH.
Interest Income from Financial Assets measured at amortised cost	2.2	
- Fixed Deposits with Banks	2.38	4.22
- Others	2.65	7.78
Profit on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	3.63	5.32
Rent Income	-	9.40
Gain on Foreign Currency Transactions (net)		7.73
Sundry Credit Balance Written Back (net)	3.78	-
Miscellaneous Income	7.65	12.15
Total	20.09	46.60
ote 27 - Changes in Inventories of Work-In-Progress, Finished Goods and Stock-In-Trade		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	
At the end of the Year	Watch, 2025	31st March,
	70.04	
Work-in-Progress Finished Goods	76.31	82.04
	104.65	229.92
Stock-in-Trade	0.18	
Scrap (Cullet)	0.39	
	181.53	311.96
At the beginning of the Year		
Work-in-Progress	82.04	26.74
Finished Goods	229.92	321.62
	311.96	348.36
Changes in Inventories of Work-in-Progress, Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade		-
onangeo in inventorios of Tronk-in-Frage	130.43	36.40
ote 28 - Employee Benefits Expense  Particulars	For the Year	(Rs. In lakhs) For the
1 3133413	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March,
	maron, 2020	o lot litaron,
Salaries, Wages & Allowances	1,450.80	1,349.11
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds(Refer to note 35)	106.52	93.56
Share Based Payments (Refer Note 36)	3.54	50.50
Staff Welfare Expenses	102.69	78.93
Total	1,663.55	1,521.60
10141	1,000.00	1,521.00
ote 29 - Finance Costs		
		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March,
Interest Expenses on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	86.13	194.56
Total	86.13	194.56
		10-7.00
ote 30 - Depreciation and Amortisation Expense		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year	
railiculais		For the
	Ended 31st	
		Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March,
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment (Refer note 5)	March, 2025 84.50	31st March,
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment (Refer note 5) Amortisation of Intangible Assets (Refer note 6)		31st March, 83.34
Amortisation of Intangible Assets (Refer note 6)	84.50 3.23	31st March, 83.34 7.48
	84.50	31st March, 83.34

# Note 31 - Other Expenses

Particulars	For the Year	(Rs. in lakhs) For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March.
Manufacturing and Other Expenses		2.72.73.414
Consumption of Stores and Spares	36.76	16.98
Power & Fuel	262.65	352.81
Packing Materials Consumed	63.58	90,05
Processing Charges	59.66	37.54
Contract Labour Expenses	335.21	340.55
Repairs to Machinery	45.76	27.30
Repairs to Buildings	0.72	3.74
Selling and Distribution Expenses		
	40.07	
Sales Promotion and Advertisement Expenses	43.87	26.85
Discount and Commission	60.81	86.73
Freight Outward	81.54	117.23
Administrative and General Expenses		
Rent	40.04	24.67
Rates and Taxes	2.93	3.82
Information Technology Expenses	36.50	26.47
Other Repairs	0.45	1000000
Insurance		2.46
	4.34	4.95
Legal and Professional Fees	21.22	51.39
Travelling	84.40	65.57
Loss on Foreign Currency Transactions (net)	1.53	4 ( )
Allowance for Expected Credit Losses / Doubtful Advances (net) (Refer to note 37)	163.50	38.62
Directors Sitting Fees	2.40	0.20
Payment to Auditors(Refer to note 31.1)	9.18	10.03
Donation	0.25	0.29
Miscellaneous Expenses	118.75	94.65
Total	1,476.05	1,422.90
31.1 Details of Payment to Auditors		
		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year	For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March,
		2024
Payment to Auditors as :	5.00	
For Statutory Audit	5.00	5.00
For Quarterly Review	0.75	0.50
For Tax Audit	1.00	1.00
For Taxation Matters	0.43	1.57
For Certification	0.42	0.46
For Other Service	1.58	1.50
Total	9.18	10.03
ote 32 - Earnings per Equity Share (EPS)		
Particulars	For the Year	Ens the
Particulars		For the
	Ended 31st	Year Ended
	March, 2025	31st March,
		2024
Net profit for the year attributable to Equity Shareholders for Basic EPS (Rs. in lakhs)	(699.41)	(866.12)
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic EPS (in Nos.)	21,821,480	7,274,366
이 이번 기름을 막게 되면 하면 취하면 되었다면서는 그들이 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 이번에 가는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하		985 C 1000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Diluted EPS (in Nos.)	21,821,480	7,274,366
Earnings per share of Rs. 10/- each (in Rs.)		
- Basic	(3.21)	(11.91
- Diluted	(3.21)	(11.91
	\·/	1
Face Value per Equity Share (in Rs.)	10.00	10.00
Face Value per Equity Share (in Rs.)	10.00	10.

#### Note 33 - Income Tax

## 33.1 Current Tax

		(Rs. in lakhs)
And a little and the	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	Ended 31st	Ended 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Current Income Tax	•	
Income Tax of earlier years	(0.63)	4
Total	(0.63)	

33.2 The major components of Income Tax Expenses for the year ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024 are as follows:

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year	For the Year
	Ended 31st	Ended 31st
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss :		
Current Income Tax (Refer Note 33.1)	(0.63)	
Deferred Tax - Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(20.73)	(64.05)
Total tax expenses	(21.36)	(64.05)

33.3 Reconciliation between tax expenses and accounting profit multiplied by tax rate for the year ended 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2025:

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year	For the Year
	Ended 31st	Ended 31st
16	March, 2025	March, 2024
Accounting Profit /(loss) before tax	(720.77)	(930.17)
Applicable tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed Tax Expenses	(181.40)	(234.11)
Tax effect on account of:		
Lower tax rate, indexation and fair value changes etc.	28,56	(4.20)
Expenses not allowed	0.31	0.32
Business Loss, on which Deferred Tax not recognised	138.94	186.12
Allowance of Expenses on payment basis	(7.13)	(12.21)
Other deductions / allowances	(0.01)	0.02
Income tax for earlier years	(0.63)	-
Income tax expenses recognised in statement of profit and loss	(21.36)	(64.05)

33.4 Deferred tax Liabilities relates to the following:

(Rs. in lakhs)		
Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income		
For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024		
87.86		
(38.72)		
33.22		
(2.19)		
(108.41)		
(36.98)		
(65.22)		

# 33.5 Reconciliation of deferred tax Liabilities (net):

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 3 1st March, 2024
Opening balance as at 1st April	450.19	384.9
Deferred Tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	20.73	64.0
Deferred Tax recognised in OCI	9.74	1.1
Closing balance as at 31st March	480.66	450.1
6 Amount and expiry date of unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognise	d	
		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March 2025	March, 2024
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax assets has been recognised	1,084.08	742.77

#### 34 - Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

# 34.1 Contingent Liabilities (To the extent not provided for) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts

			(Rs. in lakhs)
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
	Disputed Liabilities in Appeal (No Cash outflow is expected in the near future) - Goods & Service Tax	6.35	
	Guarantees - Bank Guarantees	115.04	261.30
34.2	Commitments		(Rs. In lakhs)
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
	Estimated amount of Contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account not provided for (cash outflow is expected on execution of such capital contracts):		
	- Related to Property, plant and equipment	24.58	

#### Note 35 - Employee Benefits

# 35.1 As per Ind AS 19 'Employee Benefits', the disclosure of Employee benefits as defined in the Ind AS are given below:

#### (a) Defined Contribution Plan:

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan, recognized as expense for the years are as under:

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund & Pension Scheme	49.80	44.13
Employer's Contribution to ESIC	1.70	1.85
Employer's Contribution to GLWF	0.03	0.05

The contribution to provident fund and pension scheme is made to Employees' Provident Fund managed by Provident Fund Commissioner. The contribution towards ESIC made to Employees' State Insurance Corporation. The contribution towards GLWF is made to Gujarat Labour welfare Fund. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation.

## (b) Defined Benefit Plan:

Defined Benefit Frant:
The Gratuity benefits of the Company is funded.
The employees' Gratuity Fund is managed by the Life Insurance Corporation of India. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

		Gratuity	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st Marc	h ,2024
Actuarial assumptions			
Mortality Table	Indian Assured Lives Mortality	Indian Assured Lives M	fortality (2012-
	(2012-14) Ult	14) Ult	, , , , , ,
Salary growth	9.00% p.a.	9.00% p.a.	
Discount rate	6.80% p.a.	7.20% p.a.	
Expected returns on plan assets	6,80% p.a.	7.01% p.a.& 7.36% p.a	
Withdrawal Rates	5.00% p.a at younger ages	5.00% p.a at younger a	
	reducing to 1.00% p.a at older	to 1,00% p,a at older a	
	ages	10 to 11 Fig. 21 21 21 21	900
			(Rs. in lakhs)
disastatis.		Gratuity	
Particulars		2024-25	2023-24
Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation			
Obligation at the beginning of the year		405.10	356.48
Current service cost		36.25	29.69
Interest cost		28.58	26.38
Benefits paid		(29.13)	(12.25)
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on obligation		35.35	4.80
Obligation at the end of the year		476.15	405.10
Movement in fair value of plan assets			
Fair value at the beginning of the year		118.72	114.84
Interest Income		9.26	8.50
Expected Return on Plan Assets		(0.14)	0.16
Contribution		ALCOHOL:	-
Benefits paid		4	(4.78)
Fair value at the end of the year		127.84	118.72
Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss			
Current service cost		36.25	29.69
Interest cost		19.32	17.88

(c)

(d)

Less: Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year

Net liability recognized in the balance sheet

Current Provisions (Funded)

Non-current Provisions (Funded)

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Postiguilare		iratuity
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Amount recognised in the other comprehensive income Components of actuarial (gains) / losses on obligations:		
Due to Change in financial assumptions	24.86	9.89
Due to experience adjustments	13.69	(5.09)
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	0.14	(0.16)
Total	38.69	4.64
Fair Value of plan assets		
		(Rs. in lakhs)
Class of assets		e of Plan Asset
	2024-25	2023-24
Life Insurance Corporation of India	127.84	118.72
Total	127.84	118.72
Net Liability Recognised in the Balance Sheet		
		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st March,
	March, 2025	2024
Present value of obligations at the end of the year	476.15	405.10

127.84

348.31

44.47

303.84

118.72

286.38

36.25

250.13

(e) The estimate of rate of escalation in Salary considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other retirement factors including supply & demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary.

Sensitivity analysis:		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	Changes in assumptions	Effect on Gratuity obligation (Increase / (Decrease))
For the Year Ended 31st March, 2025		
Salary growth rate	+1.00% -1.00%	59.46 (50.88)
Discount rate	+1.00% -1.00%	(51.44) 61.45
Withdrawal rate (W.R.)	W.R. x 110% W.R. x 90%	(2.08)
For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024	TAN WASON	2.01
Salary growth rate	+1.00% -1.00%	53.64 (45.82)
Discount rate	+1.00% -1.00%	(46.14) 55.19
Withdrawal rate (W.R.)	W.R. x 110% W.R. x 90%	(1.81) 1.84

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. In presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined obligation liability recognized in the balance sheet.

#### 35.3 Risk exposures

#### A. Actuarial Risk:

It is the risk that benefits will cost more than expected. This can arise due to one of the following reasons:

Adverse Salary Growth Experience: Salary hikes that are higher than the assumed salary escalation will result into an increase in obligation at a rate that is higher than expected.

Variability in mortality rates: If actual mortality rates are higher than assumed mortality rate then the Gratuity benefits will be paid earlier than expected. Since there is no condition of vesting on the death benefit, the acceleration of cash flow will lead to an actuarial loss or gain depending on the relative values of the assumed salary growth and discount rate.

Variability in withdrawal rates: If actual withdrawal rates are higher than assumed withdrawal rate then the Gratuity benefits will be paid earlier than expected. The impact of this will depend on whether the benefits are vested as at the resignation date.

#### B. Investment Risk

For funded plans that rely on insurers for managing the assets, the value of assets certified by the insurer may not be the fair value of instruments backing the liability. In such cases, the present value of the assets is independent of the future discount rate. This can result in wide fluctuations in the net liability or the funded status if there are significant changes in the discount rate during the inter-valuation period.

# C. Liquidity Risk:

Employees with high salaries and Jong durations or those higher in hierarchy accumulate significant level of benefits. If some of such employees resign/retire from the company there can be strain on the cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

#### D. Market Risk:

Market risk is a collective term for risks that are related to the changes and fluctuations of the financial markets. One actuarial assumption that has a material effect is the discount rate. The discount rate reflects the time value of money. An increase in discount rate leads to decrease in Defined Benefit Obligation of the plan benefits & vice versa. This assumption depends on the yields on the corporate/government bonds and hence the valuation of liability is exposed to fluctuations in the yields as at the valuation date.

#### E. Legislative Risk:

Legislative risk is the risk of increase in the plan liabilities or reduction in the plan assets due to change in the legislation/regulation. The government may amend the Payment of Gratuity Act thus requiring the companies to pay higher benefits to the employees. This will directly affect the present value of the Defined Bernell Obligation and the same will have to be recognized immediately in the year when any such amendment is effective.

35.4 Details of Asset-Liability Matching Strategy
Gratuity benefits liabilities of the company are Funded. There are no minimum funding requirements for a Gratuity benefits plan in India and there is no compulsion on the part of the Company to fully or partially pre-fund the liabilities under the Plan. The trustees of the plan have outsourced the investment management of the fund to insurance companies. Due to the restrictions in the type of investments that can be held by the fund, it may not be possible to explicitly follow an asset-liability matching strategy to manage risk actively in a conventional fund.

35.5 The expected payments towards contributions to the defined benefit plan within one year is Rs. 44.47 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 36.25 lakhs).

#### 35.6 The following payments are expected towards Gratuity in future years:

	(Rs. in lakhs)
Year ended	Cash flow
31st March, 2026	9.84
31st March, 2027	30.75
31st March, 2028	12.33
31st March, 2029	32.31
31st March, 2030	23.81
31st March, 2031 to 31st March, 2035	166.38

35.7 The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 12.12 years (Previous Year 12.42 years).

#### Note 36 - Share Based Payments

## 36.1 BSL - Employee Stock Option Scheme (BSL - ESOS) of Borosil Scientific Limited

Under the BSL - Employee Stock Option Scheme (BSL - ESOS) of Borosil Scientific Limited, Borosil Scientific Limited had granted employee stock options to the eligible employees of the Company.

The Company has recognized total expenses of Rs. 3.54 lakhs (Previous year Rs. Nil) related to above equity settled share-based payment transactions during the year and the said amount shown as payable to Borosil Scientific Limited under the head current financial liability.

#### Note 37 - Provisions

Disclosures as required by Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets: Movement in provisions:

	(F	s. in lakhs
Nature of provision	Provision for Provision for	otal
	Doubtful Deposits Allowance for	
	and Advances Expected	
	Credit Losses	

As at 1st April ,2023	523.28	24.73	548.01
Provision during the year	25,42	13.20	38.62
As at 31st March, 2024	548.70	37.93	586.63
Provision during the year	4	162.70	162.70
Reversal of provision during the year	0.81	-	0.81
As at 31st March ,2025	549.51	200.63	749.33

#### 38 - Segment reporting Note

The company is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing of Industrial Glass Process systems and Laboratory glassware, which is a single segment in terms of 38.1 Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

#### 38.2 Revenue From External Sales

		(Rs. in lakhs)	
Particulars	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024	
India	4,552.29	3,886.63	
Outside India	375.79	528.55	
Total Revenue as per statement of profit or loss	4,928.08	4,415.18	

38.3 Revenue of Rs.1,588.88 lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 809.43 lakhs) from a customer represents more than 10% of the company revenue for the year ended 31st March, 2025.

#### - Related party disclosure Note

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24 "Related Party Disclosures", name of the related party, related party relationship, transactions and outstanding balances including commitments where control exists and with whom transactions have taken place during reported periods, are as detailed below:

#### 39.1 List of Related Parties :

	Name of the related party	Country of incorporation	untry of incorporation % of equity inte	ity interest
			As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
(a)	Holding Companies Borosil Scientific Limited (Formerly Known as Klass Pack Limited) (w.e.f. 27th April, 2023)	India	99.03%	99.03%

(b) Key Management Personnel Mr. Swapnil Walunj - Whole Time Director (w.e.f 14th August, 2024)

Mr. Vinayak Patankar - Director (w.e.f 27th April, 2023)

Mr. Ninayak Patankar - Director (w.e.f 27th April, 2023)
Mr. Rajesh Kumar Agrawal - Director (w.e.f 27th April, 2023)
Mr. Jeevan Dogra - Director (w.e.f 27th April, 2023)
Mr. Hemant Haricharan Goel – Managing Director (Till 11th December, 2024)
Mr. Chandrakant Maganbhai Patel - Whole-Time Director (Till 2nd November, 2023)
Mr. Ankit Bhatia - CFO (w.e.f 10th February, 2025)
Mr. Rahul Vaishnav - CFO (w.e.f 12nd February, 2024 to 13th August, 2024)
Mr. Abhishek Rathi - CFO (w.e.f 14th August, 2024 to 4th December, 2024)
Ms. Tanya Grover - Company Secretary (w.e.f 10th February, 2025)
Mrs. Sarita Aggarwal - Company Secretary (w.e.f 12nd February, 2024 to 15th January, 2025)

(c) Relative of Key Management Personnel
Mr. Sankalp H Goel - Relative of Mr. Hemant Goel (Till 11th December 2024)

# (d) Enterprises over which persons described in (b) & (c) above are able to exercise significant influence (Other Related Parties) with whom transactions have taken place: Goel Glass Private Limited (Till 11th December 2024) Goel Impex (Till 11th December 2024)

Goel Scientific Glass Inc (Till 11th December 2024)
Ablaze Glass Work Pvt Itd (Till 11th December 2024)
Ablaze Polymer & Lining Coating Pvt. Ltd (Till 11th December 2024)

Kamal Associates (Till 11th December 2024)

# (e) Enterprises over which persons having common control are able to exercise significant influence / control (Other Related Parties) with whom transactions have taken place: Borosil Limited

#### (f) Goel Scientific Glass Works Limited-Employees' Group Gratuity Fund

#### 39.2 Transactions with Related Parties:

1	Nature of Transactions	Name of the Related Party	2024-25	(Rs. in lakhs) 2023-24
Т	Fransactions with Holding Company			
5	Sale of Goods	Borosil Scientific Limited	59.18	60.09
F	Purchase of Goods	Borosil Scientific Limited	269.20	69.93
1	nterest Paid on Inter Corporate Deposit	Borosil Scientific Limited	9,30	46.92
1	nter Corporate Deposit Taken	Borosil Scientific Limited	628,00	1,700.00
٤	Share Application money Received	Borosil Scientific Limited	-	112.15
1	ssue of Equity Share	Borosil Scientific Limited		1,812.15
1	nter Corporate Deposit Adjusted	Borosil Scientific Limited	1.2	1,700.00
E	Expenses Reimbursement *	Borosil Scientific Limited	29.04	7.07
	Fransactions with other related parties: Sale of Goods	Ablaze Glass Work Pvt Itd Ablaze Scientific Work Itd Goel Glass Private Limited Goel Impex Goel Scientific Glass Inc Borosil Limited	- - 565.62 2.29	0.60 - 42.50 809.43 38.39 4.10
F	Purchase of Goods	Ablaze Polymer & Lining Coating Pvt. Ltd Goel Glass Private Limited Borosil Limited	23.72 33.96 7.79	5.00 0.60 7.74
F	Rent Income	Goel Impex		9.40
b	nterest Income	Mr. Hemant Haricharan Goel	-	0.12
C	Commission	Kamal Associates Goel Glass Pvt ltd Goel Impex	2.79 - 9.56	5.17 2.76 41.30
F	Reimbursement Expenese to	Borosil Limited	27.68	18,53
F	Remuneration	Mr. Swapnil Walunj Mr. Ankit Bhatia Mr. Hemant Haricharan Goel Mr. Chandrakant Maganbhai Patel Mr. Sankalp Goel Mr. Abhishek Rathi	53.23 2.18 56.25 - - 13.04	75.22 10.81 11.96
		Mr. Rahul Vaishnav	8.67	3.18
1	oan & Adances Given	Mr. Hemant Haricharan Goel	1 90.1	30.00
-	oan & Adances Repaid	Mr. Hemant Haricharan Goel	ē.	30.00
	Equity Share issued	Mrs. Kopal Goel	743 N	5.00

			(Rs. in lakhs)
Nature of Transactions	Name of the Related Party	As at 31st March,2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Balances with Holding Company			
Trade Payable	Borosil Scientific Limited	20.49	18.73
Interest Payable	<b>Borosil Scientific Limited</b>	8.37	<u>.</u>
Share Based Payment Payable	<b>Borosil Scientific Limited</b>	3.54	-
Inter corporate deposit outstanding	Borosil Scientific Limited	628.00	-
Balances with Other related Parties Trade Receivable	Goel Glass Private Limited Goel Impex		96.20 16.96
Advance from Trade Receivable	Goel Scientific Glass Inc		10.04
Trade Payable	Borosil Limited Goel Impex Goel Glass Private Limited Ablaze Polymer & Lining Coating Pvt. Ltd	8.55 - - -	18.97 17.65 3.83 1.36
* Includes remuneration paid to KMP.			
39.3 Compensation to key management personnel of the Com	pany		(Rs. in lakhs)
Nature of transaction		2024-25	2023-24
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits		130,70 1,31	97.99
Total compensation paid to key management personnel		132.01	97.99

39.4 The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured, unless specified and settlement occurs in cash. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

#### 40 - Fair Values Note

b)

#### 40.1 Financial Instruments by category:

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial

#### a) Financial Assets measured at fair value:

Washing to the same of the sam		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2025	
Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:		

Financial Assets / Liabilities measured at amortised cost:				(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	March, 2025	As at 31st	March, 2024
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Assets designated at amortised cost:				
- Trade Receivable	712.96	712.96	894.06	894.06
- Cash and cash equivalents	7.67	7.67	32.67	32.67
- Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalents	38.81	38.81	38.01	38.01
- Others	14.66	14.66	6.47	6.47
Total	774.10	774.10	971.21	971.21

Particulars	As at 31st	March, 2025	As at 31st	(Rs. in lakhs March, 2024
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Liabilities designated at amortised cost:				
- Borrowings	1,516.19	1,516,19	660,13	660.13
- Trade Payable	437.07	437.07	496,35	496,35
- Other Financial Liabilities	383.05	383.05	288.27	288,27
Total	2,336.31	2,336.31	1,444.75	1,444.75

40.2 Fair Valuation techniques used to determine fair value

The Company maintains procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Fair value of trade receivable, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade payables, current borrowings, deposits and other financial assets and liabilities are approximate at their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.
- The fair values of security deposits and Non-current Borrowings are approximate at their carrying amount due to interest bearing features of these instruments,
- The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.
- The fair value for level 3 instruments is valued using inputs based on information about market participants assumptions and other data that are available.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

#### 40.3 Fair value hierarchy

- The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques:

  Level 1: Quoted prices / published NAV (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. It includes fair value of financial instruments tracked in active markets and are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date and financial instruments like mutual funds for which net assets value (NAV) is published by mutual fund operators at the balance sheet date.
- Level 2 :- Inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). It includes fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the Company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable then instrument is included in level 2.
- Level 3 :- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs). If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The following table provides hierarchy of the fair value measurement of Company's asset and liabilities, grouped into Level 1 (Quoted prices in active markets), Level 2 (Significant observable inputs) and Level 3 (Significant unobservable inputs) as described below:

		(Rs. in lakhs)
	31st March, 2025	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	-	0,03
		0.03
		(Rs. in lakhs)
	31st March, 2024	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	3	0.03
		0.03
	Level 1	31st March, 2024 Level 1 Level 2

#### 40.4 Description of the inputs used in the fair value measurement:

Following table describes the valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation for level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at 31st March, 2025, 31st March, 2024

Particulars	As at 31st March,2025	Valuation Technique	Inputs used	Sensitivity	
Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit or loss: - Unlisted equity investments	0.03	Book Value	Financial stateme	ents No material impa	ct on fair valuation
					(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	Valuation Technique	Inputs used	Sensitivity	

## 40.5 Reconciliation of fair value measurement categorised within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit or loss - Investments.

Particulars Particulars	Rs. in lakhs
Fair value as at 1st April, 2023	0.03
Gain on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss (net)	-
Purchase / (Sale) of financial instruments	÷ .
Amount transferred to / (from) Level 3	
Fair value as at 31st March, 2024	0.03
Gain on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss (net)	
Purchase / (Sale) of financial instruments	-
Amount transferred to / (from) Level 3	•
Fair value as at 31st March, 2025	0.03

#### 40.6 Description of the valuation processes used by the Company for fair value measurement categorised within level 3:

At each reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of financial assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or reassessed as per the accounting policies. For this analysis, the Company verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation and other relevant documents.

The Company also compares the change in the fair value of each financial asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable. The Company also discusses of the major assumptions used in the valuations.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of financial assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

#### - Financial Risk Management - Objectives and Policies:

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company has put in place adequate and effective risk management systems for its business operations of the Company, commensurate with the size of the Company, which enables the Management to identify, assess, monitor and address the risks applicable to the organisation and mitigate & manage such risks on timely basis.

#### 41.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise of three types of risk: foreign currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity risk.

The sensitivity analysis is given relate to the position as at 31st March 2025 and 31st March 2024.

The sensitivity analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying value of post-employment benefit obligations, provisions and on the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the relevant statement of profit and loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as at 31st March, 2025 and as at 31st March, 2024.

#### (a) Foreign exchange risk and sensitivity

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities. The Company transacts business primarily in USD, EURO. The Company has foreign currency trade and other payables, trade receivables and other current financial assets and liabilities and is therefore, exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Company regularly reviews and evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions,

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity in the USD, EURO to the Indian Rupee with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit / (loss) before tax due to changes in the fair values of monetary assets and liabilities is given below:

Unhedged Foreign currency exposure as at 31st March, 2025	Currency	Amount in FC	Rs. in lakhs
Trade Receivables	USD	28,693	24.56
Trade Receivables	EURO	30	0.03
Other Current Financial Assets	USD	1,267	1.09
Other Current Financial Assets	EURO	1,893	1.75
Unhedged Foreign currency exposure as at 31st March, 2024	Currency	Amount in FC	Rs. in lakhs
Trade Receivables	USD	136,645	113.93
Trade Receivables	EURO	68,912	62.17
Trade and Other Payables	USD	52,541	43.81
Other Current Financial Assets	USD	27,848	23.22
Other Current Financial Assets	USD	950	0.79

1% increase or decrease in foreign exchange rates will have the following impact on profit / (loss) before tax (PBT):

Particulars	20	2023-24		
	1% Increase	1% Decrease	1% Increase	1% Decrease
USD EURO	(0.26)	0.26	(0.94)	0.94
EURO	(0.02)	0.02	(0.62)	0.62
Increase / (Decrease) in profit before tax	(0.27)	0.27	(1.56)	1.56

#### b) Interest rate risk and sensitivity :

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates, The Company has long term borrowings in the form of Term Loan from Banks and NBFC's and Vehicle loans and short term borrowings in the form of Working Capital Loan and Inter Corporate Deposit from a Holding Company. There is a fixed rate of interest in case of Inter Corporate Deposit and hence, there is no exposure towards interest rate risk. Due to floating rate of interest of term loans from Banks and working capital loan, the Company has exposure towards interest rate risk.

The table below illustrates the impact of a 2% increase in interest rates on interest on financial liabilities assuming that the changes occur at the reporting date and has been calculated based on risk exposure outstanding as of date. The year end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the year. This analysis also assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. Additionally, the vehicle loan and loan from NBFC's obtained by the company operates on a flat rate of interest, mitigating any fluctuations in interest associated with these loans.

			(	Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	20	2023-24		
	2% Increase	2% Decrease	2% Increase	2% Decrease
Term Loan	(4.37)	4.37	(6.79)	6.79
Working Capital Loan	(13.06)	13.06	(5.59)	5.59
Increase / (Decrease) in profit before tax	(17.44)	17.44	(12.38)	12.38

#### c) Commodity price risk:

The Company is exposed to the movement in price of key materials in domestic and international markets. The company has mechanism in place to ensure that the organisation is adequately protected from the market volatility in terms of prices and availability.

d) Equity price risk:
The Company does not have any exposure towards equity securities price risk arises from investments held by the company.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and other financial

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and also considers whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Company compares the risk of default occurring on asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business.

ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty,

iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations,

iv) Significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty,
v) Significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of the third-party guarantees or credit enhancements.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company, Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized as income in the statement of profit and loss. The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends. Based on the historical data, loss on collection of receivable is not material hence no additional provision is required to be made.

#### a) Trade Receivables:

The Company extends credit to customers in normal course of business. The Company considers factors such as credit track record in the market and past dealings with the Company for extension of credit to customers. The Company monitors the payment track record of the customers. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries are operate in largely independent markets. Revenue of Rs.1,588.88 lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 809.43 lakhs) from a customer represents more than 10% of the company revenue for the year ended 31st March, 2025. The Company does not expect any material risk on account of non-performance by Company's counterparties.

The Company has used practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on provision matrix. The provision matrix taken into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on ageing of the days the receivables are due

The following table summarizes the Gross carrying amount of the trade receivable and provision made.

Particulars	As at 31st	March, 2025	As at 31s	(Rs. in lakhs at March, 2024
	Gross Carrying Amount	Loss Allowance	Gross Carrying Amount	Loss Allowance
Trade Receivable	913.59	200.63	931.99	37.93

#### b) Financial instruments and cash deposits:

The Company considers factors such as track record, size of the institution, market reputation and service standards to select the banks with which balances are maintained. Credit risk from balances with bank is managed by the Company's finance department. Investment of surplus funds are also managed by finance department. The Company does not maintain significant cash in hand. Excess balance of cash other than those required for its day to day operations is deposited into the bank.

For other financial instruments, the finance department assesses and manage credit risk based on internal assessment. Internal assessment is performed for each class of financial instrument with different characteristics.

#### 41.3 Liquidity risk.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to, at all times, maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company relies operating cash flows, short term borrowings in the form of working capital loan to meet its needs for funds. Company does not breach any covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding as per requirement. The Company has also the sanctioned limit from the banks,

The table below provides undiscounted cash flows towards financial liabilities into relevant maturity based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual

						(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Maturity					Total
	On Demand	0 - 3 Months	3 - 6 Months	6 - 12 months	More than 1	
					year	
As at 31st March, 2025						
Borrowings	653.22	22.88	22.88	45.74	771.47	1,516,19
Trade Payable	-	437.07			-	437.07
Other Financial Liabilities	9	281.51	-	101.54	-	383.05
Total	653.22	741.46	22.88	147.28	771.47	2,336.31
As at 31st March, 2024						
Borrowings	279.31	35.06	35.06	70.12	240.58	660.13
Trade Payable	-	496.35		_	-	496.35
Other Financial Liabilities	•	194.03	•	94.24		288.27
Total	279.31	725.44	35.06	164.36	240.58	1,444.75

#### 41.4 Competition and price risk

The Company faces competition from local and foreign competitors. Nevertheless, it believes that it has competitive advantage in terms of high quality products and by continuously upgrading its expertise and range of products to meet the needs of its customers.

42 - Capital Management For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, other equity and debts. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholders value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital (equity plus net debt). Net debt are non-current and current debts as reduced by cash and cash equivalents and current investments. Equity comprises all components including other comprehensive income.

		(Rs. in lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31st March,2025	As at 31st March	
Total Debt	1,516.19	660.13	
Less:- Cash and cash equivalent	7.67	32.67	
Net Debt	1,508.52	627.46	
Total Equity (Equity Share Capital plus Other Equity)	993.35	1721.71	
Total Capital (Total Equity plus net debt)	2,501.87	2,349.17	
Gearing ratio	60.30%	26.71%	

#### 43 - Details of Loan given, Investment made and Guarantee given covered u/s 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013

- 43.1 No loans given or Investment made by the Company during the year.
- 43.2 No Guarantee was given by the Company during the year

#### 44 - Ratio Analysis and its components Note

Ratio

Particulars	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024	% change from 31st March, 2024 to 31st March, 2025	Reasons for deviations
Current ratio	1.05	1.17	(10.26%)	
Debt- Equity Ratio	1.53	0.38	302,63%	Due to mainly increase in Borrowings and decrease in Other Equity
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	(2.27)	(1.49)	52.35%	Due to mainly decrease in finance cost and repayment of borrowings
Return on Equity Ratio	(51.52%)	(69.40%)	(25.76%)	Due to mainly decrease in losses
nventory Turnover Ratio	5.82	5.56	4.68%	
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	6.13	4.64	32.11%	Due to mainly increase in revenue from operations
Frade Payable Turnover Ratio	4.77	3.07	55.37%	Due to mainly decrease in Trade Payable
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	52.77	16.05	228.79%	Due to mainly decrease in Net Working Capital
Net Profit Ratio	(14.19%)	(19.62%)	(27.68%)	Due to mainly decrease in losses
Return on Capital Employed	(31.28%)	(38.08%)	(17.86%)	Due to mainly increase in Capital Employed
Return on Investment	6.13%	11.10%		Due to mainly decrease in interest income

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities
Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debts	Total Equity (Equity Share capital + Other equity)
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service (Net profit after taxes + depreciation & amortization + Finance cost + Non cash operating items + other adjustment)	Finance cost + principle repayment of long term borrowings during the year
Return on Equity Ratio	Net profit after tax	Average Total Equity [(Opening Equity Share capital + Opening Other equity+Closing Equity Share Capital+Closing Other Equity)/2]
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average Inventory (opening balance+ closing balance)/2
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivable (Opening balance + closing balance)/2
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Cost of Material Consumed and Purchase of Stock in Trade	Average trade payable (Opening balance + closing balance)/2
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Working capital (Current asset - current liabilities)
Net Profit Ratio	Net profit after tax	Revenue from operations
Return on Capital Employed	Profit Before Interest & Tax (Before Exceptional Items)	Total Equity + Total Debts + Deferred Tax Liabilities
Return on Investment	Interest Income on fixed deposits + Profit on sale of investments + Income of investment - impairment on value of investment	Current investments + Non current Investments + Fixed deposits with bank

#### 45 - Disclosure on Bank/Financial institutions compliances

The quarterly statements including revision thereof of Inventories and trade receivables filed by the Company with banks/financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.

Summary of reconciliation of quarterly statements of current assets filed by the Company with Banks are as below :

				(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the quarter ended	Amount as per books of account	Amount as reported to Banks	Amount of difference
Inventories & Trade	31.03.2025	1,601.54	1,601.54	-
Receivables	31.12.2024	2,106.05	2,106.05	-
	30.09.2024	1,936.47	1,936.47	-
	30.06.2024	1,572.52	1,572.52	

		47		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the quarter ended	Amount as per books of account	Amount as reported to Banks	Amount of difference
Inventories & Trade	31.03.2024	1,699.09	1,699.09	
Receivables	31.12.2023	1,758.42	1,758.42	-
	30.09.2023	1,501.48	1,501.48	-
	30.06.2023	1,918.74	1,918.74	

#### - Other Statutory Informations: Note 46

- i) There is no balance outstanding on account of any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies
- ii) The Company does not have more than two layers of subsidiary as prescribed under Section 2 (87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of layers) Rules, 2017.
- iii) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested fund to any other persons or entities including foreign entities (intermediary) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that intermediary shall:
- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (ultimate beneficiary) or
- b) provided any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
  iv) The Company has not received any fund from any person or entities including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- v) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income tax Act, 1961.
- vi) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- vii) There are no charges or satisfaction thereof which are yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 47 The Management and authorities have the power to amend the Financial Statements in accordance with Section 130 and 131 of the Companies Act, 2013. Note

#### Note 48 Reclassifications in the current year

- 48.1 Previous Year figures have been regrouped, reclassified and rearranged wherever necessary.
- 48.2 The Company has changed the classification/presentation of export incentive in the current year. The export incentive has now been included in the "Other Operating Revenue" line time under the head "Revenue from Operations". Previously, export incentive was included in "Other Non-Operative Income" line item under the head "Other Income". The Company has reclassified comparative amounts to confirm with current year presentation. The impact of such classification is summarised below:

			(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st Mar 2024 as previously reported	Increase/ ch, (Decrease)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 as rearranged
Revenue from Operations Other Income	4,404 57	.77 10.4 .01 (10.4	10.000000000000000000000000000000000000

As per our Report of even date

For R. C. Thakkar & Associates

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 118729W)

(R. C. Thakkar)

Membership No. 40078

Date :21st May, 2025

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For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Vinavak Patankar

Director

(DIN 07534225)

Ankit Bhatia Chief Financial Officer

Swapnil Waluni Whole-time director (DIN 10706241)

Wal

Tanya Grover

Company Secretary (Membership No. A71274)